eucµwav Ail\*

#### Iraq's guards 'undeterred' by bombing

NICOSIA (R) — The commander of Iraq's elite Republican Guards said Monday his force was undeterred by U.S.-led allied bombing and would repulse invading troops. Iraq's most battle-hardened soldiers, heavily entrenched in southern Iraq and occupied Kuwait, have been a target for saturation bombing in advance of an expected ground war. Lieutenant-General Iyad Khalifa, in a statement to the Iraqi News Agency (INA) carried by Baghdad Radio, said his force possessed "sophisticated and modern weapons, will defend with honour (Islamic) holy places and repulse invading troops." "The Republican Guards forces... will repulse the heathen alliance led by America in the mother of all battles," he said. "Their tanks and troops will be burned in the desert terrain on which we have gained combat experience for so many years." Iraqi President Saddam Hussein is believed to have spent billions of dollars on the 150,000-strong Republican Guards, an armoured force which is virtually a self-contained army within an army. Held in reserve, it will be Iraq's main line of defence against a ground offensive.

Volume 16 Number 4630

AMMAN TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1991, SH'ABAN 4, 1411

Aziz to

Iranian

leader

Combined agency dispatches

IRAQI FOREIGN Minister

Tareq Aziz flew to Tehran from

Moscow Monday for talks with

Presdient Ali Akbar Hasbemi

Rafsanjani, who said a "bright

prospect" had emerged to end

Mr. Aziz is due to hrief Mr.

Rafsanjani on Tnesday on his

talks earlier Monday with Soviet

leader Mikhail Gorbacbev, wbo

gave him a plan aimed at averting

Mr. Aziz made a stopover in

Iran and the Soviet Union have

Tehran Radio quoted Mr. Raf-

sanjani as telling the visiting Bur-

kina Faso foreign minister, Pros-

per Vokouma, that Iraq had re-

sponded positively to the propos-

"The president, having ex-

pressed satisfaction at the hright

prospect visible in respect of a

solution to the problem of the

mitiatives have fortunately p

sanjani told the radio.

duced positive results'," Mr. Raf-

'Iraq has expressed readiness

to withdraw from Kuwait, and

concentrated efforts should con-

tinue with the cooperation of the

other Islamic countries until the

forces fighting Iraq also show their good will" the radio quoted

Mr. Rafsanjani has played a

key role in efforts to end the war

and sent peace proposals to Iraqi

Although the conditions

attached to Iraq's offer last week

were rejected by the allied coali-

tion, Mr. Rafsanjani said peace

initiatives "have fortunately pro-

duced positive results," according

to the report on Tehran Radio.

Foreign Minister Ali Akhar

Velayati as saying Mr. Aziz

would confer with officials in

Tehran on his way home from

Mr. Velayati was quoted as

saying Mr. Aziz "is to return to

Tehran and discuss the results of

his meetings... so that in the

future political efforts in this re-

gion will continue with more

coordination and so that this des-

tructive war is balted as soon as

Moscow.

The radio also quoted Iranian

Mr. Rafsanjani as saying.

President Saddam Hussein.

been at the forefront of diploma-

Tehran on Sunday en route to

a devastating ground war.

tic efforts to end the war.

als to leave Kuwait.

the Gulf war.

Moscow.

brief

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

# Gorbachev presents peace plan; U.S. cautious

### White House says assault on Iraq will not be stopped

Combined agency dispatches

SOVIET PRESIDENT Mikhail Gorbachev presented new peace plan to Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareg Aziz during talks Monday and expected a quick response, a presidential spokesman said. Mr. Aziz told reporters at Mos-

cow's VIP airport before departing that the 3½-hour meeting was "important," and added, "We decided to follow up those talks." Emerging from the Moscow

meeting, Mr. Aziz said "I can speak about the atmosphere, that it was cordial and objective." When asked if he expect any

ceasefire, Mr. Aziz replied: "Well; I cannot elaborate now because the talks between us, and the discussions between us and the Soviet friends are going on, are continuing." We expect a reply without

delay to these proposals," said Mr. Gorhachev's spokesman Vitaly Ignatenko after the Soviet leader met Mr. Aziz under the Kremlin's glittering chandeliers.

Their talks lasted most of the

morning on the 33rd day of the war, Mr. Aziz left immediately afterwards for Iran.

"It (the plan) is now in the diplomatic pouch of Mr. Aziz on board a Soviet aircraft to Iraq,"

a reply without delay to these

Accompanied by Iraqi Deputy Premier Saadoun Hammadi, Mr. Aziz met first with his Soviet connterpart. Alexander Bessmertnykh, and Yevgeny Prima-kov, a presidential envoy and Middle East expert. The officials then joined Mr. Gorbachev.

"My impression is that Tareq Aziz was very constructive,"
Ignatenko said. Mr. Aziz planned to return to Moscow "very soon" after discussing the plan with Saddam Hussein, he said.

Mr. Aziz considered staying in Moscow, but decided to return to deliver the plan in person because telephone lines between the capitals are "unreliable." Mr. Ignatenko said without explaining further.

"He'll have to report personally to Saddam Hussein and the Revolutionary Command Council," Ignatenko said.

Mr. Ignatenko said the plan was "fully in line with the Soviet position that there should be an unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait." He said Mr. Aziz accepted Mr. Gorbachev's proposals with "interest and under-

Mr. Aziz came to Moscow Snnday to explain Iraq's offer on

He explained to Mr. Gorbachev during their meeting that the offer contained "no conditions," spokesman Ignatenko said. "This is a programme" for

negotiations, he said. U.S. President George Bush and others had rejected the offer

because it appeared to link a withdrawal to other Middle East conflicts. The Soviets had welcomed it as a starting point for talks, but also said the conditions could make it meaningless. The White House reacted

cautiously to the peace plan that emerged from the Soviet-Iraqi talks and said the United States would continue the war effort. Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said U.S. officials had yet to bear from the Soviet Union on the

"I don't think we have enough information to respond," Mr. Fitzwater said, adding:

"All of our hopes at this point are on the conflict in the air and on the ground in terms of pushing Iraq out of Kuwait."

The talks in Moscow Monday had been seen as possibly Iraq's last chance to avert a ground war with the U.S.-led allies. President Bush declined com-

ment on the Soviet plan.

#### nian Affairs in protest against Israel's refusal to Iraq reports attacks on allied troops and air raids on itself allied planes had been shot down Combined agency dispatches haviour of the old and new im-

IRAQ SAID MONDAY its forces had inflicted casualties on front-line allied troops with a barrage of field missiles, and it 'Persian' Gulf region said 'Iran's

RIGHT TO RETURN: A Palestinian waman

demonstrates in front of the Department of Palesti-

reported 130 enemy air raids on its own troops in the past 24 bours. A military communique hroad-

cast by Baghdad Radio also said that four allied planes had been shot down, but gave no details. Baghdad radio also carried a commentary denouncing Britain, which on Sunday admitted that one of its bombs missed a tra-

takenly veered off into the Iraqi town of Fallouja. "What a lie and what a joke," said Baghdad Radio, saying that 130 civilians were killed in deliberate strike on a residential

geted bridge last week and mis-

"This false British justification exposes the behaviour of the old and new imperialists," the radio said. "World public opinion is called upon the record of British crimes and to condemn this savage action, which truly expresses Britain's civilisation and democracy, which are based on murder

and destruction. Iraq bas said one British plane was shot down in the bombing. "The cowardly raid on Fallouja

manifested British rancour against Iraq," said the radio com-"British officials claimed that

they hit residential apartments because the laser bombs deviated from their course. What a lie and what a joke. This false British justification exposes the best perialists," it said. but gave no details. It called on world public opin-In Baghdad itself, air raids sirens sounded during the night,

but hombs fell only on the out-

skirts and officials said there was

At one location where foreign reporters were shown damage

from a previous bombing raid, a

woman in black approached one

journalist and said softly, "I want

to kill Bush, I want to kill Bush."

American pilot 60 kilometres in-

side Iraqi-held territory after he

parachuted out of his F-16 fight-

er, a U.S. military spokesman

He said the plane crashed and

The U.S. military said Sunday

that U.S. and Iraqi armour

clashed at seven points in the

desert in the most intense ground

fighting since Iraq's attack on a

It said U.S. attack helicopters

captured 20 Iraqi soldiers in bat-

tles along the northern border of

Saudi Arabia. Two U.S. soldiers

were killed by missiles fired by their own side, it said.

the United Arah Emirates

(UAE) had joined the air war

against Iraqi forces for the first

Lieutenant-Colonel Ahmad

Robayan said UAE pilots flew

Mirage 2000s on four sorties

against logistical sites in the

Of the 80,000 allied air sorties.

he said the Saudis had flown

5,200, the Kuwaitis 560, the

Bahrainis 205 and the Qataris 48.

Iraq U.S.-led alliance

Kuwait theatre of operations.

A Sandi military officer said

Saudi border town Jan. 30.

described the loss as comhat re-

said in Riyadh Monday.

Allied helicopters rescued an

little damage.

ion to "condemn this savage action which... explains the congruity of British and American interest to achieve the objective of destroying trag.

The Iranian news agency IRNA said Monday allied aircraft are dropping leaflets on southern Iraqi cities, urging residents to leave their home towns.

The agency said wind had hlown several of the leaflets to the Iranian border cities of Ahadan and Khorramshahr after bombing raids Sunday. It said they bore pictures of a

rocket and people fleeing bomhardment with an Arabiclanguage warning that residents' of the areas should leave their towns to avoid being hit.

A military communique said Iraqi soldiers "directed a series of destructive strikes with tactical field missiles at the enemy's positions and concentrations of men and equipment inside Saudi territory.

"A number of enemy scoundrels were killed or wounded, and equipment, weapons and vehicles were destroyed," the communique said without further elaboration.

During the previous 24 hours. said, there were 25 air raids on civilians targets in Iraq and 130 on military targets.

Commenting on these war zone raids, the communique said, "the cowards continued to send their aircraft to strike from a distance a number of military targets in the southern operations sector.'

The communique also said four

# Bild unveils 'plan'

Combined agency dispatches

THE SOVIET PROPOSAL for ending the Gulf war includes a demand for Iraq's pullout from Kuwait and opposition to any "punitive actions" against Iraq, a German newspaper said Monday.

The Bild newspaper said it had obtained details of the four-point proposal from "informed sources" in Moscow.

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz took the proposal with him back to Baghdad, after meeting with Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev. No details were released by officials in Moscow. However, Bild said it had

learned off the four "central points" of the proposal. - "Iraq withdraws from

Kuwait without pre-conditions, to allow for a 'quick peace'."

— 'The Soviet Union supports

the maintaining of the 'national structure and the horders of Iraq'."
— "The Soviet Union opposes
- "against Iraq, in-

cluding any punitive action against Saddam Hussein him-- "All other problems - the

Palestinian question — are to be negotiated.

Bild said its report would appear in Tuesday's edition of the newspaper. The Hamburg-based, mass-circulation newspaper sent its brief report by telex to other news media in advance.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl and President Gorbachev Monday discussed Moscow's plan, a Bonn government spokesman said.

"They obviously talked about the Soviet president's peace plan," spokesman Dieter Vogel

told a news conference. He said Mr. Gorbachev interrupted his talks with Mr. Aziz to speak with Mr. Kohl by telephone.

"The talk between the Iraqi foreign minister and the Soviet president was interrupted due to the telephone call and then continued," Mr. Vogel said. "It was therefore not possible to discuss a final Iraqi position on this Soviet

He said Mr. Kohl and Mr. Gorbachev had agreed beforehand to hold the telephone conversation but Mr. Vogel did not say who placed the call.

The daily Bild said Mr. Kohl and Mr. Gorbachev spoke for 20 minutes and agreed that U.N. resolutions calling for Iraq's unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait must be fulfilled.

Iran's foreign minister met Monday with his German counterpart as part of last-minute international efforts to end the Guif war before ground fighting be-

Ali Akbar Velayati held a luncheon meeting with Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher at the foreign minsitry.

He was to meet with Chancel-lor Kohl later in the day. Mr. Velayati, while posing for photographs with Mr. Genscher, would not say whether he carried

any special proposals from his talks with Mr. Aziz. Mr. Velayati planned to meet reporters Tuesday before leaving

the German capital Wednesday. Iranian President Ali Akbai

Hashemi Rafsanjani said there was "the hright prospect" of an end to the war following Baghdad's response to his ideas for solving the crisis.

"Iraq has expressed readiness to withdraw from Kuwait, and concentrated efforts should continue with the cooperation of the other Islamic countries until the forces fighting Iraq also show their goodwill," Tehran Radio quoted Mr. Rafsanjani as saying.

#### Mr. Ignatenko said. "We expect Friday to withdraw from Kuwait. (Continued on page 5) Two U.S. ships damaged after hitting mines in Gulf

Combined agency dispatches

TWO U.S. WARSHIPS struck floating mines in the northern Gulf Monday, and the navy said seven servicemen were injured. Both vessels were damaged but were not in danger of sinking, officials said.

Initial reports said the USS Tripoli, a helicopter-carrying amphibious assault ship, and the USS Princeton, a two-year-old, high-tech missile cruiser, were nperating under their own power after the explosions.

A navy spokesman said three sailors were injured aboard the Princeton - one seriously - and four were slightly injured on the All those injured on the Prince-

LOX FIRS

anuscr.tits'

ton were airlifted to another ship for treatment, he said, but those injured on the Tripoli were treated aboard ship.

It was the first mine damage to U.S. vessels in Gulf deployment - from either the month-long war and the preceding five months of enforcing the embargo on trade with Iraq imposed after its takeover of Kuwait.

Combined agency dispatches

A BOMB EXPLODED at

Victoria station 45 minutes

after a telephone warning

Monday morning, police said.

The rush-hour blast killed one

man, injured at least 37 others

and sent screaming, bleeding

commuters running out of the

Scotland Yard said a man

with an Irish accent who

claimed to represent the Irish

Republican Army (IRA) tele-

phoned a warning 45 minutes

before the explosion at 7:46

. One man caught in the ex-

plosion lost part of his foot,

and three teenagers were

among the wounded, police

British Rail closed all of its

inainline stations in London.

Falting service which brings

alf a million people into the apital every day. Connecting

nbway stations also were

Reporters who were into Victoria

ation saw trails of blood

dowa losed.

terminal.

a.m. (0746 GMT).

U.S. officials have said they believe Iraq is dumping floating mines in the Gulf. More than 80 mines have been found and destroyed in the past few months, but none had previously damaged a vessel.

Military sources in London said that apart from mines sown by the Iraqis to defend Kuwait and the approaches to Iraq there are also large numbers of mines left. over from the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq

A Painstaking minesweeping operation will have to be carried out before a U.S. marine task force now moving north up the Guif can go ashore, military

That task is likely to be led by five British minesweepers now heading up the Gulf after months of training exercises.

The ships are known as the

"Tupperware Taskforce" hecause they have plastic hulls to reduce the danger from magnetic mines. They are considered to be the most advanced minesweepers available to the allies. Military sources said the allies

face three types of mines -

leading from the concourse to

the front entrance, and knap-

sacks apparently abandoned

The warning came after a

device similar to the Victoria

bomb exploded at 4:20 a.m. in

Paddington station, where

only a dozen employees were

on duty and no one was in-

Later Monday, all four terminals at London's Heathrow airport

were evacuated at 2:45 p.m. fol-

lowing what an airport spokes-

man called "a non-specific bomh

threat." There were no immedi-

Commander George Churchill-

Coleman, the head of Scotland

Yard's anti-terrorist unit, told a

news conference that London

at 7 a.m.: "We are the Irish

Republican Army. Bombs to go off at all mainline stations in 45

to the British Transport police,

who already were searching all

the main railway terminals fol-

lowing the Paddington explosion.

But, he said, the bombers knew

there would be insufficient time

for the "enormous task" of sear-

ching all of the stations.

He said the warning was passed

Transport received this warning

in panic.

bombs

ground mines laid on the ocean floor, buoyant mines tethered to the scabed and floating mines, which include buoyant mines that have broken free.

U.S. officials say about 150 floating mines have been spotted by allied navies in the past few months. Many have been neutralised but often they are difficult to see. The older mines are encrusted with harnacles, which blur their outline.

False alarms have turned out to be oil drums, sea snakes, ruhbish bags, turtles, dead sheep and on one occasion an invalid walking

The best defence against floating mines is often a sailor equipped with a pair of hinoculars but even that can lead to some uncomfortably close enounters.

The British destroyer Gloucester last week came within 10metres of hitting a mine even after it had been spotted by a

Allied spokesmen have said the Iraqi navy is all but destroyed, hnt it is still believed to retain a small number of vessels capable of laying mines.

possible."

"Ahmad, son of the late Ira-

The bomb attacks came 11 days after the IRA fired three mortar bombs at government offices, including one bomb that exploded behind Prime Minister John Major's official residence.

A report by the Iraqi News Agency (INA) from London said the bombings might have been in retaliation for Britain's participation in the Gulf war. But Mr. Churchill-Coleman said: "My personal view is that it has nothing to do with any Arab orga-

Paddington station is the main terminal for trains from the west, while Victoria, near Buckingham Palace, is the main rail gateway to the south and European destina-

The IRA has frequently attacked the main Belfast-Dublin rail line in Northern Ireland as part of its campaign against British rule in the province. Most of the explosions are small, and the IRA has said they are intended to draw out the security forces. In an interview published in the

current issue of Republican News, an IRA spokesman who was not identified explained the. logic of attacking in Britain: "An action in Britain has many times the effect of a similar action in the six counties (Northern Ireland)."

### nian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah (Continued on page 5) Fahd: No stop in war

Combined agency despatches SAUDI ARABIA'S King Fahd

said Monday the Gulf war would continue as long as Iraq controlled Kuwait and deployed troops on his border.

"The fighting will continue, with God's will, as long as its causes remain, namely Kuwait's occupation and the hostile military concentration on the kingdom's borders," the king said. His remarks were contained in speech read on his behalf by

Prince Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz, who is deputy prime minister and defence and aviation minister, and carried by the official Saudi Press Agency (SPA). "The Iraqi leadership can

avert... further tragedies and destruction if it takes the full decision to withdraw its army from Knwait and the kingdom's border." he said. Speaking to reporters later, Prince Sultan said the meeting in

Moscow between Iraqi Foreign Minister Taren Aziz with the Soviet leadership "will have no effect on the military situation unless the Iraqi regime follows the correct path," the uncon-ditional withdrawal from Kuwait. In his speech, the Saudi

monarch asserted previous efforts towards peace had been given every chance. 'We are not warmongers," the

certed efforts were exerted to avoid the tragedy in which the Gulf region lives today." King Fahd's speech was delivered to a meeting of Islamic 'scholars discussing the concept of

Referring to Arab states sympathetic to Iraq, but without naming them, the king said: "It is

Among those attending the meeting was Hamed Al Gabed,

Sheikh Abdul Aziz Ben Abdullah Ben Baz, Saudi Arabia's top cleric, told the meeting:
"Our jihad is for self-defence

"This jihad is a duty for Saudi

would want war. Intensive con-

Saudi Arabia in the Gulf war.

extremely painful to see certain Arab leaders going astray and backing injustice and aggression."

monarch said. "No wise man

Jihad (holy war) and support for

secretary-general of the Organisation of Islamic Conference

against the injustice and aggression committed by the enemy of God, Saddam Hussein.

(Continued on page 5)

### Casualty list on 33rd day of war

LONDON (R) - Following is an updated list of casualties and losses in the Guif war, as reported by the U.S.-led ailies. Iraq and Israel at 1800 GMT on day 33 of the war:

Casualties (military)		
(Iraqi figures)		
Dead	90	53
	(N/A)	
Missing	(N/A)	(N/A)
(Allied figures)		
Dead	79	74
	(includes acc	idental deaths)
Captured or missing	1.279	63
Casualties (civilian)	-,	
(Iraqi figures)		
Dead Dead	967 (official)	(N/A)
Dead		(14/24)
Tainnad	up to 7,000 (unofficial)	(NI/A)
Injured	480	(N/A)
(Allied figures)		_
Dead	(N/A)	9
Injured	(N/A)	64
Aircraft lost or missir	ig (includes non-com	bat losses)
	(N/A)	320
(Allied figures)	(=)	
(Athlea Bares)	135	41
	133	(U.S. 29)
		(British 7)
		(Saudi 3)
		(Kuwaiti 1)
		(Italian I)
Ships sunk or badly of	lamaged	
(Allied figures)	73	None
Israel (civilians)	.5	None
Israel (civilians)		
Dead	4	
Injured	305	

## **Stranded Egyptians cross into** Jordan after weeks at Trebeil

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The problem of around 2,500 Gulf war refugees - most of them Egyptian nationals — stranded at the Iraqi border for weeks without a special exit permit has been resolved and about 1,800 of them have already crossed into Jordan, Jordanian and international relief officials said Monday.

About 1.400 Egyptians arrived at the Al Ruweished border post by Sunday evening. and 950 of them were directly driven to Aqaba for the ferry home, while the rest stayed overnight at a camp set up by the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) before heading for home, said Worner Caspar, the chief

1CRC delegate in Jordan. Another 300 Egyptians passed through Al Ruweished to Aqaba Sunday and 50 remained at the ICRC camp by Monday evening awaiting their turn to be transported to the Red Sea port, he said. "It appears that the problem

has been resolved," said Mr. Caspar, recalling that the ICRC had been sending food

and relief supplies to the stranded penniless refugees at Trebeil since the last week of January. "There are very few people left at Trebeil now," he told the Jordan Times.

The problem at Trebeil developed after Iraq introduced a new system under which every expatriate leaving the country should possess a special permit issued by the Ministry of Interior in Baghdad. Most of those at the border did have an exit visa issued earlier but it was no longer accepted by Iraqi border officials.

Many refugees undertonk the perilous journey back to Baghdad to secure the special permit, braving the cootinuous allied air attacks against vehicles on the highway. But many others either did not have the means to afford a trip or could not find enough fuel for a return journey after the Iraqi government introduced ration-

There was no immediate credible explanation as to how the problem was resolved at the horder; whether lraq waived the requirement of the special permit.

"We have been told to expect a few hundred people more from Trebeil by Tuesday." said a border official. Evacuation continues

Meanwhile, repatriation of evacuees already in Amman continued at a brisk pace. A Royal Jordanian (RJ) flight to Muscat was extending the trip to carry 115 Pakistanis to Karachi on Feb. 21; another charter flight was flying home around I85 Sudanese and a group of 139 Yemenis were scheduled to be flown to Cairo. according to Peter Schatzer. chief of mission of the International Organisation for Migra-

Figures collected from the Ministry of Interior and the diplomatic missions as well as IOM indicated that 1,300 evacuees - excluding Egyptian nationals - remained in Jordan as of Monday. These included 360 Sudanese (100 leaving Tuesday and 185 Wednesday), 115 Pakistanis (scheduled to leave Feb. 21), 16 Indians (leaving Tuesday), one Tunisian, one Moroccan, one Sri Lankan, 255 Yemenis (139 leaving Wednesday), and 177

tion (IOM) in Amman.

Mr. Schatzer expressed optimism that the bulk of those Fundamentalists urge Gulf withdrawal as protests erupt

The Associated Press

FUNDAMENTALIST parties from 13 Islamie countries Monday demanded the withdrawal of all foreign soldiers from the Gulf as anti-American protests erupted in several Muslim na-

Delegates at a conference bosted in Islamabad by Pakistan's powerful Jamaat-e-Islami religious party issued a declaration labelling foreign troops "forces of occupatioo" that must leave the

Participants at the three-day cooference also indicated their intentioo to start demonstrations March 15 to mobilise support to

stop the war. Delegates from Afghanistan, Bahraio, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanoo, Malaysia, Palestine, Pakistan, Sudan, Tunis, Turkey and United Arab Emirates attended the cooference. Muslim representatives from Britain and the United States also were pre-

Aoti-Western seotiment was evident in demonstrations in Egypt, which has sent troops to take part in the multinational force against Iraq.

About 700 university students demonstrated in the southern city of Assiut to demand that Egyptian troops serving in the coalition be brought home.

Meanwhile, about 500 students in Cairo beld an anti-Iraq demonstration at Ain Shams University. They called for Iraq to withdraw

from Kuwait. In Sndan, about 500 children, carrying pictures of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, burned an effigy of U.S. President George

The United States last month emptied its embassy in the Sudanese capital, Khartoum, except for two diplomats. In Nigeria, some parents have

started naming newborns after Saddam, according to the stateowned New Nigerian newspaper. Half of Nigeria's more than 100 million people are Muslims. The New Nigeria newspaper has de-scribed the Gulf war as genocide

of the Iraqis. While support is growing for Itaq in much of the Islamie World, Syria's state-run newspapers are carrying passionate testimonials from ordinary

citizens supporting their government's opposition to Baghdad. Every day since the war began on Jan. 17. newspapers have the attacks.

the Central Council of Jews in Germany, emphasised that Chancellor Helmut Kohl cannot solve Middle East problems simply by handing oot money to affected countries. Germany's coostitution prevents it from sending troops outside of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, and the major German cootribution to the Gulf war

'security' of Israel.

printed up to three pages of

testimonials from doctors,

nurses, peasants, workers,

teachers, and businessmen

accompanied by small photos of

leader of the country's Jewish

community said the Bonn govern-

ment must use its influence in the

Arab World to guarantee the

Heinz Galiwski, chairman of

In Germany, meanwhile, the

the authors.

has been financial. Denmark has agreed to a British request for more financial aid for the Gulf war effort but oo condition the money be used for bumanitarian purposes, a news-

paper said Monday. The all-party parliamentary foreign affairs committee decided to grant 100 million kroner (\$19 million) to pay for field bospitals and a hospital plane for British troops, the Information newspaper reported.

Blasts in Beirut

Two bombs exploded 15 minutes apart in Beirut Monday and police said the blasts were believed part of a bombing spate linked to the Gulf war.

One bomb went off under a car parked near the walled compound of the French embassy on Rne Clemenceau at 6:45 p.m. (1645 GMT), destroying the car and shattering the glass of neighbouring shops. The embassy suffered no damage, police said.

They said the second explosion was detonated near the Bank of Lebanon and the Gulf, which is partly owned by Saudi Arabian financiers. The bank is situated off the city's main Hamra thor-

oughfare<sub>36</sub>... Ambulances sped to both sites, but police said they had no report casualties.

The attacks were the 16th and 17th targeting embassies, banks, and coltural centres of countries fighting Iraq since the war broke out Jan, 17.

No group has claimed

# MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

### Carter says don't reject ceasefire

NEW YORK (R) - Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter said continued allied demand for a complete surrender as an alternative to peace negotiations would lead to a long, destructive war with Iraq. "We should not reject the option of a ceasefire," Carter said in an essay in the current issue of Time magazine. "To foreclose this possibility and demand complete surrender as an alternative to any peace negotiations... is to ensure a long and destructive war, a fragmentation of the alliance and the likelihood of a destabilised Middle East," said Mr. Carter, who belped negotiate the 1979 treaty between Egypt and Israel. He argued that while a ceasefire would give Iraq time to effect repairs and adjust its forces, those benefits could be "minimised by the terms of the allied announcemeot of a truce, which might preclude the rebuilding of bridges or the redeployment of armoured units." Mr. Carter said the involvement of the international and Arab communities in peace negotiations would "make it easier for the withdrawal of U.S. forces from the region once the conflict is resolved.

\*\*\*

.

#### 8 israeli officers face dismissal

TEL AVIV (R) - Military authorities have recommended dismissal of eight air force officers suspected of involvement in Israel's biggest arms procurement scandal, security sources said Monday. Military Advocate-General Amnon Strashnov recommended to air force chief Avihu Bin-Nun that be dismiss eight officers, including lientenant-colonels, majors and captains, suspected of concealing evidence in the multi-billioo dollar bribery and fraud case or lying to investigators. Brigadier-General Rami Dotan was arrested last October. He was charged last month with accepting \$12 million in bribes and fraudulent receipts while heading the New York branch of the air force equipment unit. U.S. companies are the main suppliers of Israel's air force. Gen. Dotan is accused of steering contracts to certain manufacturers in return for cash deposits in foreign banks. He is also charged with conspiracy to murder the New York businessman who tipped off-Israel's defence ministry. The army would not comment on the latest development in the case. Security sources said some of the eight officers were expected to stand trial while others might only be cashiered. Investigations were likely to continue for years and lead to more arrests.

#### U.S. Press Club protests against restrictions

NEW YORK (R) - The Overseas Press Clob of America said Sunday that U.S. restrictions on reporters were keeping Americans from learning the whole truth about the Gulf war. The group. made up of 1,000 active or former foreign correspondents and news: editors, protested at "the harassment of reporters... conflicting reports from the Pentagon and Saudi Arabia (and) the persistent delays in transmission of news reports." In a letter to U.S. Defence Secretary Richard Cheney, the group said restrictions were preventing Americans from learning many important details about what really is happening in the war zone. On Wednesday, the International Federation of Journalists said in Brussels that the pool system of reporting restricted the free flow of information and discriminated against non-American and non-British journalists.

#### Germany to give Turkey \$100 million

ISTANBUL (R) — Germany will give Turkey 150 million marks (about \$100 million) in Gulf aid to help it recoup economic losses caused by the Gulf crisis, Treasury officials said Monday. Germany has so far sent 1.5 billion marks (\$1 billion) worth of military aid and equipment to Turkey, a base for U.S. air raids on Iraq. It has sent Turkey 10 Hawk and eight Roland anti-aircraft missile launchers together with airmen to operate them. The West has so far promised \$2 billion in Gulf aid to Turkey, the only NATO country bordering Iraq which puts its financial losses caused by the Gulf crisis at \$5 billion.

#### France TV networks boycott French

PARIS (R) — France's four major television networks have agreed to boycott future coverage of French forces stationed in the Gulf. state-owned Antenne 2 channel reported Sunday night. The move, due to take effect Monday, was in protest at a decision by French military officials to bar a pool of French television teams from the frontline units, the network said quoting a statement from French television reporters in the Saudi capital Riyadh. Military officials had offered to send army cameramen instead of professional television reporters. It was not clear why the military had decided to ban the television crews from the frontline. The statement signed by representatives from Antenne 2, TF-1, FRS and La Cinqsaid a meeting Sunday night with military officials failed to reach a

#### B-52 dumps bombs in Mediterranean

WASHINGTON (R) — A B-52 on its way to bomb targets in Kuwait Sunday was forced to dump its bombs into the Mediterranean and make an emergency landing at Palermo, Italy, a Pentagon spokesman said. The plane declared an "in-flight emergency," dropped the bombs and then landed, the spokesman said. The Italian news agency ANSA reported that the plane had developed an electrical fault after taking off from England. It applied for permission to land at Sigonella U.S. naval air base in Sicily but because runways there were too short it was diverted to Punta Raisi at Palermo, the agency said.

### Sudanese rebels free three Frenchmen

NAIROBI (AP) - Sudanese rebels bave released three Frenchmen who were held for nearly seven weeks after their plane made an emergency landing at the guerrillas's southern headquarters, a French diplomat said Monday. "They are in good health, although they don't feel quite as good as people who have just jumped out of a comfortable bed," said Philippe Orliange, the first secretary at the French embassy in Nairobi. He said Philippe Verdon, Alain Germain and Philippe Lesage were freed Sunday in Kapoeta, headquarters of the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Front (SPLF). They were then flown to Nairobi by UNICEF relief workers. UNICEF delivers relief supplies to both government, and rebelheld areas in southern Sudan and maintains two small aircraft in the northern Kenyan town of Lokichokkio, 90 kilometres south of Kapoeta. Mr. Orliange said he had no further details on the Frenchmen and would not say how their release was obtained.

### **Churches to call for Gulf** ceasefire, sanctions on S. Africa

SYDNEY, (R) — The World Council of Churches is set to call for an immediate and unconditional ceasefire to the Gulf war and the cootinuation of sauctions against South Africa, the council said in a draft statement.

The statement also calls on the United Nations to enforce "with equal vigour" its resolutions on Israel's withdrawal from the occupied territories, resolutions covering Lebanon and Cyprus, and for an allied withdrawal from the region.

"War promises no lasting solu-tion for the festering wounds of the Middle East, no just, peaceful and durable regional or world order, but rather continued insecurity, pain and conflict," the council, which is meeting in Canberra, said in the statement received bere Monday.

"It is never too late to seek peace and a comprehensive settlement. So once again, together, our hearts cry out to the leaders of the oations ... cease the bombing still the missiles stop the fighting."

sador to the United States has

apologised for his controversial

remarks last week concerning

diplomats are not supposed to

say, and I'm sorry about that,"

Ambassador Zalman Shoval said.

But when you are in a family you

sometimes speak differently than

when you speak with strange

Mr. Shoval had said in an

interview last week that Israel

was "gettiog the runaround"

from Washington on \$400 million

in U.S. housing loan guarantees for Soviet Jewish immigrants.

U.S. officials have asked for

Israeli assurances the money will

not be used to settle the newcom-

ers on the occupied territories.

cable to Prime Minister Yitzhak

Shamir calling the ambassador's

comments "outrageous," and

Secretary of State James Baker met with Mr. Sboval to protest.

President George Bush sent a

"I did say some things which

U.S. aid to Israel.

neighbours.

The council linked its call for a ceasefire with a ceasefire with an allied troop withdrawal and continned sanctions against Iraq.

"Smouldering fires of tension throughout the region bave been fanned as countries from the northern limits of the Middle East to the Horn of Africa, Turkey, Iran, Jordan, Sudan and others have been drawn into the sphere of confrontation," the

"Indeed, the whole of the region armed with buge arsenals of the most modern weaponry is a powder-keg which risks exploding."
The statement called for the

continuation of sanctions against South Africa until apartheid laws were abolished and a new constitution enshrined the rights of black South Africans. The council welcomed South

African president F.W. de Klerk's decision to repeal key apartheid laws, but said the most difficult phase of the struggle was still to come.

The council indicated it would

friends - and mistakes on my

part - can be overcome," Mr.

Shoval told reporters Sunday af-

ter a speech. "The big issues are

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak

Shamir said Sunday that U.S.-

Israel relations wouldn't be burt

by Mr. Shoval's hlunt remarks.

Mr. Shoval offered his apology

much more important."

Israel's U.S. ambassador

apologises for remarks

it used criticise the exploitation of South Outside powers are intensifyagainst

ing their exploitation of the region's economic and geopolitical significance," it said, without naming the powers. "One of the poorer regions of

Pacific nations.

the world, the Pacific states are dependent on outside aid which is too often inappropriate, elitist and short-term. The council criticised the burning of chemical weapons at Johnston Atoll, south west of Hawaii,

and French nuclear testing at

Mnruroa Atoll in Freneb,

"The combination of economic, strategic and military factors has belped to turn the ocean of peace into a nuclear lake and one of the most militarised regions of

The council which represents 316 churches, excluding the Roman Catholie, meets every seven years to formulate religious policy. The council's seventh assem-bly runs until Feb. 20.

following a general session of the

national Jewish community rela-

tions advisory council, an umbrel-

la group for more than 100 Jewish

During the session, Mr. Shoval

said the Gulf war will bolster

U.S.-Israeli relations, and that

each side will depend on the

other to establish post-war stabil-

ity in the Middle East.

British detention violates Geneva conventions'

LONDON (R) - The British government's detention and threatened

deportation of 47 Iraqis and Palestinians violate the Geneva conventions, lawyers representing some of the detainees said on Monday. Britain last

month arrested 52 Iraqis and Palestinians. Four were later freed. In a

lener to Home Secretary (Interior Minister) Kenneth Baker, the lawyers

said: "You will be aware that grave breaches of the convention are criminal acts under domestic law. We are sure you would not wish to take

any decision or adopt any procedure which is not consistent with the U.K.'s obligation under the convention." The lawyers said that under the

Geneva cooventions the detainees were entitled to have their cases

reconsidered as soon as possible by an appropriate court or administrative

board. A three-member tribunal set up to hear pleas did not meet the

requirement, they said. Other laywers have complained that detainees are

not told of the evidence against them before they appear before the

community groups nationwide.

# Iraq says new missile Israel

ated bome before the end of

the week except those who are

seeking political asylum in

tbird countries through the United Nations High Commis-

sioner for Refugees

(UNHCR). These include 374

Somalis, around 70 Iranians,

and a few Ethiopians and

Sudanese, but not all of them

are accepted as refugees by UNHCR.

Mr. Schatzer said plans were

being considered for the repat-

riation of most of the Somalis

who can now go bome after the

political changes in the country following the ouster of the

government of President

In the meaotime, IOM,

which has been handling repat-

riation of evacuees since Au-

gust, came under high praise

from the head of the Interna-

tional Committee of the Red

Cross. "Excellent joh," Come-

lio Sommaruga told a senior

official before he wound up a

The 10M. a governmental

agency bot not directly affili-

ated with the United Nations,

has repatriated over 150,000

Gulf war evacuees since the

visit to Jordan Sunday.

crisis erupted in August.

Mohammad Siad Barre.

LONDON (R) - Iraq used a new missile to attack Israel Saturday, Baghdad Radio said.

"It named the missile as the "Hijarab . Al Sijjil". (shale stone), a reference to a story in the Koran in which God sent giant birds to drop shale stones on invaders who attacked the Kaaba, Islam's holiest shrine.

A defence expert in London said the missile was probably a variant of the Scud, the Sovietmade missile that Iraq has used since the Gulf war began a month ago.

Eric Grove, a British defence analyst, told British Broadcasting Corporation of Scuds - the Hussein and the Abbas.

"They have a small warhead which means they can go further (than a conventional Scud) although they don't carry as much in terms of payload," Mr. Grove said.

"It has been known for a long time that the Iraqis have been working to modify their Scuds. They get Scuds from the Soviet Union, they work on them, they use two to make up the new missiles."

An unmodified Scud-b bas a range of 280 km but the Hussein has a range of 600 km. enough to reach Israel and the northern half of Saudi Arabia. The Abbas can reach 900 km.

Scuds were originally used in Iraq's eight-year war against Iran, which ended in 1988. Iraq said it fired three missiles against Israel Saturday but Israel would only confirm

that two landed. Chief Israeli army spokes-man Nachman Shai said there were oo reports of casualties or damage.

He would not confirm Iraq's report that one of the missiles was fired against the Dimona nuclear reactor in the southern

**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR** 

### **Fundamentalists attack** Tunis ruling party office

TUNIS (AP) - President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali replaced his interior minister Sunday, bours after masked Islamie fondamentalists stormed the ruling party beadquarters and attacked people inside with knives, clubs and fire.

The president's office issued a statement announcing the replacement of Ioterior Minister Abdul Hamid Escheikh by Abdallah Kallel, minister of de-

fence. It was not clear if Kallel would hold both portfolios or whether Mr. Escheikh would assume new duties.

The statement gave no official reason for the change at the Interior Ministry, which is in charge of the national police, but it came hours after the attack just metres away from the Tunisian parliament buildings.

The ministry reported that at least four people at the Constitutional Democratic Rally's headquarters were injured and hospitalised. Two were listed in critical condition with serious burns.

A ministry statement said that nolice arrested an unspecified oumber of assailants, who were later indentified as members of the outlawed Al Nahda fundamentalist movement

According to the ministry, the fundamentalists stormed past a pair of guards Sunday morning at the building, not far from the country's parliament building.

They tied up the guards, doused them with a flammable liquid and set them on fire, the statement said. Two party activists in the building were attacked with knives and clubs. The ministry did not say bow

long the fundamentalists occupied the beadquarters, nor bow many were arrested. Sunday is a noo-working day in Tunisia and few party activists were in the building. An investigation was opened

into the incident. There was no indication whether the attackers intended to burn down the party headquarters.

Mr. Ben Ali's government has severely cracked down on Al Nahda in recent months, accusing the movement of fomenting street unrest. But the attack Sunday was bound to raise questions how effective Mr. Escheikh's measures have been. At least 200 Al Nahda activists

have been arrested and held in jail and are to be tried by military The attack appeared to have no

relation to the Gulf war.

623101

	PRAYER TUNES	77
		As
04-53	Fajr	77
06-11	(Sunrise) Duha	St
11.49	Dhuhr	A
14-58	'Asr	68
17.30	Maghreb	E
17:20	'Isha	81

#### CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church, Swelfleh Tel. 810740. Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. 685326. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Saile Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 623543.

Catholic Church

Orthodox Church Tel. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. mai Charett Tel. ikal Lutheran Church Tel: The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817. 654932.

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of A rise in temperatures will occur and some clouds appear at differen

Min/max. 1emp

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 16, Aqaba 23, Humidity readings: Amman 68 per cent. Aqaba 31 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** 

NUMBERS

**NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Sulciman Khayya Dr. Tawfig Oabin . Dr. Mahir Abu Suemeh 881639 Dr. Abdul Rahman Jaber ...... Firas pharmacy ...... Ferdows pharmacy ........ Al Asema pharmacy . 661912

. 637055

Al Salam obarmacy . 636730 637660 Al Sharaa' pharmacy ...

Khalifeh pharmacy ... EMERGENCIES Food Control Ceptre .... Civil Defence Department ... Civil Defence Immediate

Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228
Blood Bank 775121 Highway Police Traffic Police ... Public Security Department Hotel Complaints ..... Price Complaints ..... 605800 . 661176 Water and Sewerage Amman Municipality Complaints. 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance)

Central Amman Telephone

. 010230

.. 773111 Radio Jordan Electric Power n Alia Inti. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn... 64281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn... 642441/2 Jabel Arman Maternity...... 642362

Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali 667227X Al-Ahli, Abdali ..... Italian, Al-Muhajreen 664164% Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Army, Marka .... ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital .. ... (09)983323 .. (09)991071 Zarça National Hospital Ibn Sina Hospital IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital ... (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafces Hospital .... (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

Lemon	, . 100
Marrow (laves)	180 / 140
Marrow (large)	160 / 100
Marrow (small)	340 / 280
Okra (	600 / 500
Orange Penner (hor)	540 / 220
Potato	200 / 150
Radish Sace	100 / 50
Stranich	400 / 300
Spanich	120 / 80
Tomatocs	180 / 140

--- 80 / 40

120 / 80

220 / 180

500 / 400

200 / 150

# :6926li<sup>L6</sup>

### King visits frontline units

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday visited the frontline units of the 12th Royal Mechanised Division where he was received by the commander and senior officers. Following a briefing on the duties assigned to the units, King Hussein inspected several of the formations in their defensive positions. King Hussein expressed appreciation of the officers and soldiers and pride in their role in defending the homeland. The King thanked them for their efforts and their high morale.



# Palestinians renew: demands to return to W. Bank, Gaza

second time this month crowds of Palestinians prevented by the Israeli authorities from crossing into the occupied Arab territories staged a march in Amman to support their demand for the right to return home.

The Department of Palestinian Affairs at the Foreign Ministry says that around 5,000 Palestinians were barred from entering the occupied territories and that 3,000 more are awaiting their turn to cross.

3G8:25±

. ≃ ≇

- 7.5es

om Frend

: terramast

Most of the Palestinians seeking entry into their homeland have returned here from Kuwait and many of them are penniless, officials said.

The protesters marched from the Department of Palestine Affairs to the offices of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and handed Werner Kasper, the head of the ICRC delegation here, a protest note demanding that bridges across the River Jordan be reopened for the returnees and urging various international organisations and governments to intervene on their behalf and ensure their right

Rateb Amr, one of the department officials said in a statement. icy, ret ra, that the Jordanian government was following the matter. with the ICRC as well as other concerned organisations which in turn were taking up the issue with the Israeh authorities

At least 30 Palestinians have now lost their residency permits, which means they cannot go back to the occupied lands. "Permits these Palestinians have been issued by the Israeli authorities upon leaving their homeland

have expired and they simply cannot go back but the Jordanian government is taking np this matter seriously with the United Nations, said Amr.

The Palestinians earlier this month presented the ICRC with another note with similar demands, but as nothing was done in their case they decided to maintain their protests and continne their endeavours to return, officials said.

Late last month, Dr. Ahmad Qatanani, head of the Foreign Ministry's Department of Palestinian Affaris, said that the Israelis were allowing Palestinians to get out but very few are allowed to return, claiming security mea-sures do not allow the Palestimians to return,

Normally, the Israelis allowed more than 1,000 persons to cross into West Bank every day by this time of the year, rising to more than 3,000 during the summer, hnt they have reduced the number to less than 50 during the Gulf war, Oatanani added.

The ban on Palestinian people's return coincides with a hlanket curfew Israel has imposed on the 1.75 million Palestinians inside the occupied Arab territories.

Quoted by Petra, one of protesters Monday said that the Israeli authorities have turned her back five times under the pretext that her three-month old haby did not have a temporary passport. But she said, when she acquired this passport the Israelis still did not want to allow her in.

The rest of the protesters, Petra said, held valid residency permits entitling them the right to be permanent residents of the occupied Arah territories.

### Islamic medical team departs to help Iraqis

AMMAN (Petra) — An Interna-tional Islamic Medical Relief Organisation team left Amman for Baghdad Sunday to provide stance to the civilian victims of the U.S.-led aggression on

Member Ali Al Hawamdeh, who is also director of the Islamic Hospital in Amman, said the team comprises five surgeons and four medical technicians. He said 17 trucks loaded with medicines, baby milk, food supplies and medical equipment were sent to Iraq with the mission.

The team, Hawamdeh said,

to four weeks, depending on the developments in the situation. Arrangements for the team to work in one of Baghdad's large hospitals were made by the Iraqi health ministry and Red Crescent

Society, according to Hawamdeh.
The Amman-based International Islamic Medical Relief Organisation which was established recently will send other medical teams to Iraq in cooperation with the Islamic Hospital, he

The organisation was established to provide assistance to

### Queen visits Ma'an villages

AMMAN (J.T.) - As part of a series of follow-up visits to development projects heing carried out in remote and deprived rural areas, Her Majesty Queen Noor Monday visited the villages of Al Hashimiyah and Al Husseiniyah in the Ma'an Governorate.

A small bedouin community about 180 kilometres south of Amman, Al Hashimiyah village joined the Noor Al Husseln Foundation's spinning and weaving project a year ago following the Queen's visit to the area last

The bedouin women of Al Hashimiyah already have the hasic knowledge of weaving and spinning, a skill passed down by their mothers and grandmothers.

This spinning and weaving projeet comes as an incomegenerating husiness-oriented scheme lannched to promote home and village-hased industries as a means towards improving the quality of life of women and their

**Arabiyat** 

receives

Tunisian

message

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Tunisian

parliament is seeking joint efforts with the Jordanian Lower House

of Parliament to bring the devas-

tating war on Iraq to an end, and

to find solntions for all the Mid-

dle East issues, according to a

message handed over Monday to

House Speaker Abdul Latif Ara-

biyat by the Tunisian ambassador

to Jordan, Mohammad Monii

The message, which came from

Speaker of the Tunisian Par-

liament Mohammad Al Baji Al

Sibsi, contained in a statement

issued earlier by parliament in

Tunis, outlining the dangers

posed to the Arab and Islamic

natious as a result of the ongoing

The aggression on the Iraqi

people could expand to include

other Arab areas and is designed

to sap the Arab World's poten-

tials and destroy its military might

and economic infrastructure,

ruining any chance of progress

and prosperity for the Arab Na-

The U.S.-led aggression consti-

tutes a grave danger with de-

trimental consequences to the

present and future Arab genera-tions of the Arab World, it

In view of the ongoing

onslaught on Iraq, the Tunisian

parliament can only voice its soli-

darity with the Iraqi people, sup-

porting their steadfastness in the

face of the daily air bombardment

of civilian centres, the message

It said the Tunisian parliament

backed all initiatives aimed at

settling the crises by peaceful

means including the initiative of

the North African Arab countries

The message appealed to all

peace-loving nations to end the

war and help find settlements for

the Gulf crisis and the Palestine

issue, and urged all Islamic coun-

tries to shoulder their responsibil-

ity towards their brothers in Iraq.

Tunisian parliament was follow-

ing the developments in the Gulf

and will seek joint efforts with

Arab parliaments and Arab and

African and international orga-

nisations to halt the devastating

The message said that the

issued in Morocco.

tion, the statement said.

added.

aggression on Iraq.

It also aims at enconraging women to become wage-earners and decision-makers. It provides them with the raw material and they are given the freedom to chose the colours and patterns, after they have been trained to use more modern techniques. such as the npright looms.

At the beginning of the tour, the director of the district, the chief of the village council and one of the residents delivered welcoming speeches, in which they thanked Her Majesty for the

Her Majesty then proceeded to the weaving centre where she talked to the lady weavers and inquired about their work. They expressed their appreciation for the chance made available to them to apgrade their own indi-

After a hrief stop at one of the villagers' home the Queen proceeded to Al Husseinivah village, where the Tell Burma Cooperative Society runs an agricultural project, formerly established by the Ministry of Agriculture in 1969.

At that time, the project aimed at the settlement of the bedonins in that area on 1000 dunums divided into 40 agricultural units, the most of which is planted with olives, onion, garlie and vegetahles. It has two ground wells with a production capacity of 250 cuhic metres per hour.

At the end of the visit, Queen Noor called on the house of deputy Feisal Al Jazi, the region's representative at the Lower House of Parliament, where she met with the villages' dignitaries and notables.

Accompanying the Queen on the visit were the governor of Ma'an and Mrs. In'am Al Mufti, the director-general of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation.

# Kingdom receives \$165m EC grant

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan has received ahout \$165 million from the European Community (EC) — as part of assistance to offset the losses the Kingdom suffered as a result of its adherence to international sanctions against Iraq.

The amount — equivalent to 120 million European Currency Units (ECUs) - represents 80 per cent of European Commission grant allocated to Jordan for 1991. The relevant agreement was signed earlier this month.

"The rest of the pledged assistance will be released as soon as a major portion of the 120 ECUs is utilised," said Christian Falkowski, the delegate in Amman.

According to the aid agreement, the assistance could be used to finance imports of all commodities and equipment except luxury items and military ware hy both private and public sectors from EC member states.

The Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) has already received the cash transfer, CBJ officials said

The condition that the aid should be used only for imports from EC member states should not pose a problem for Jordan since 70 per cent of its imports come from the Community, economists noted.

Mr. Falkowski rejected snggestions in the media that the Community might follow the example of Washington and review its aid to the kingdom as 'punishment' for what is perceived as Amman's support for Iraq in the Gulf war.

Our assistance is extended to Jordan to compensate for its losses resulting from its observance of the sanctions against Iraq." he said. "There is no other consideration whatsover. The aid is totally non-political."

Japan, another major donor to Jordan, has also affirmed that it has no intention to reconsider its aid and loan commitments to the

Mr. Falkowski and other Western diplomats have said that they were fully satisfied that Jordan was strictly abiding by the sanctions against Iraq, imposed in August following the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait. They also said that Europe is

very keen in ensuring continued stability and security in Jordan. "Jordan has always been a moderating factor in the Middle East and any serious harm to its

economie stability would definitely have immediate consequences on the delicate political equilibnum in the reigon," according to a senior European diplomat.

The EC aid to Jordan comes as special financial assistance to make up for the Kingdom's losses as a result of its compliance with the sanction on Iraq, its major trading partner until the invasion. European diplomats have also

said that they understand Jordan's precarious economic position and expressed tacit approval of the Kingdom's oil imports from Iraq in lieu of Baghdad's debts to Amman.

Iraq's dehts to Jordan stood at \$310 million in August 1990, and Baghdad had been repaying \$12 million in monthly instalments.

But Washington argues otherwise and is not willing to accept that the sanctions committee had okayed Jordan's oil imports from Iraq. And it was one of the initial reasons given by the Bush administration for repeated attacks on Jordanian oil tankers on the main Iraq-Jordan highway.

However, Washington's riew" of \$55 million in aid to Jordan for fiscal year 1990-1991 came after Washington interpreted a speech by His Majesty King Hussein last week as an open declaration of support for

Jordan has rejected this contention and said that its call for an end to the Gulf war and a peaceful resolution of the conflict did not indicate any shift from its firm position of neutrality.

With the receipt of the EC aid. the total assistance the Kingdom has received or been pledged in response to its request for compensation went up to \$1.150 hillion; this melndes \$700 million in soft-term loans from Japan, \$235 million from Germany, \$38 million from Italy, \$23 million from Canada. \$20 million from France. and \$18 million from the Nether-

Aid has also come from Sweden, Belginm, Denmark and

In the short term, external aid will be used to boost Jordan's foreign exchange reserves and help the country's balance of payments. But His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan has repeatedly said that long-term programmes " Juld he in place by the year 1992 to address the Kingdom's basic economic prob-

Ortega left Amman Monday after a several-day visit to Jordan dur-ing which he met His Majesty King Hussein.

tional Movement for Peace, has six-point proposal to solve the Gulf crisis and bring to an end the hostilities in the region.

mnouncement of its intention to international law.



INSPECTION: Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Monday toured civil defence and voluntary groups centres in the Zarqa and Amman governorates and inspected various arrangements taken hy their members to deal with any emergency. Accompanied by the Zarqa governor and other officials from the ministries of health and education, the Princess called at girls schools and met leaders of girl guide movements who are contributing to the general effort and beard a briefing on the measures taken by students to deal with evacuation of resi-

dents, rescue operations, fire fighting and first aid services. The Princess praised those in charge of these operations and said she was impressed with the zeal displayed by the youth of Jordan to offer service to their country in time of need. The princess who is president of the Jordanian Scouts Movement, heard a briefing by the directors of scouts and girl guides movements on the various voluntary activities in schools and readiness to offer services to the local community in emergency

### **Pakistan and Turkey stop** visits by parliamentarians

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A trip to Pakistan and Turkey by a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation was aborted Monday, only hours be-fore it was scheduled to startwhen the Pakistani and Turkish governments apologised for not being able to receive its mem-

Member of the Palestinian team in the delegation, Arafat Hijazi, said that the delegation, which grouped three Jordanians and three Palestinians, had to return to Amman whilst on its way to the airport after learning that the two governments had changed their minds about the

"The ambassadors of Pakistan and Turkey had visited the Palestine National Council (PNC) earfier and warmly welcomed the delegation's visit to Islamabad and Ankara and told the head of the Palestinian group, Abdul Hamid Al Sayeh, that they had made arrangements for the visit," Hijazi said. An official statement by the

Jordan News Agency, Petra, said that the government of Pakistan changed its stand at the last moment and added that the visit could not take place because "Pakistani government officials were pre-occupied with previously set engagements."

According to Petra, the Pakistani and Turkish governments had earlier welcomed the visit by the joint delegation which had planned to hold meetings with government officials, parliamentarians and heads of political groups and popular organisations to discuss means of halting the

According to Hijazi, the Pakistani emhassy, which had issued visas to the Jordanian and Palestinian members of the delegation, said that another date for the visit would later be fixed. But according to Hijazi, the

Turkish embassy here declined to

issue visas to the Palestinian

members, and the Jordanian side decided not to go in solidarity with the rest of the delegation members. The delegation was scheduled to have spent three days in Pakis-

tan before taking another threeday trip to Ankara. Hijazi said in a statement to the Jordan Times.

The Jordanian team in the joint delegation was to be headed by Dr. Ishaq Al Farhan and to include Dr. Ali Faqir, and Fuad Khalafat, while the Palestinian team which was led by Sheikh Sayeh included Abbas Zaki and Mr. Hijazi.

### **UNDRO** needs more supplies

AMMAN (J.T.) — The United Nations Disaster and Relief Organisation (UNDRO) says that it faces a shortage in tents and home utensils required for the evacuee camps set up in Jordan although other facilities

UNDRO office director here Hans Einhaus said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the question of shortages will he included in a report he plans to submit to the UNDRO head office in Geneva, noting also other aspects related to the accommodation of the evacuees. Einhaus, who said he was leav-

ing for Geneva Tuesday and re-

turning hy the weekend, noted that since the outhreak of the Gulf war on Jan. 17 his organisation dealt with 24,500 evacuees of different nationalities who converged on the camps set up in Jordan with help from the Jordanian government.

The report also voices appreciation to the Jordanian government and the various international organisations for their cooperation to offer accommodation to the evacuees fleeing the Gulf zone and arranging for their repatriation. While U.N. organisations pro-

vided funds to finance the operations the Jordanian government

Ministry Of Information

offered health, transport and other facilities, Einhaus noted. He said that the report outlines

the operations of the various U.N. organisations in the country and the amounts of contributions offered to these organisations to carry out humanitarian services. Einhaus said that he expects an increase in the number of evacuees in the coming stage of the war and said that arrangements are being made with Royal Jordanian (RJ) to organise weekly flights to Cairo, Larnaca, London. Muscat, Paris, Tripoli, Rome, Tunis and Vienna to help in the process of repatriating eva-

....

#### war so as to pave the ground for peace based on justice. would stay in Baghdad from one Public transportation gains popularity Ortega following the bombing raids on cent of the total normal fuel were introduced and the new AMMAN (J.T.) — Government the oil tanker trucks bringing additional buses were put into decision to restrict the use of crude oil from Iraq resulting in

private cars in order to save gasoline taken earlier this month has boosted the operations of the Public Transport Corporation PTC) prompting it to put into se 50 new buses to carry the atra passengers, according to TC Director-General Suleiman

Habahbeh. In a statement to the Jordan lews Agency, Petra, Habahbeh aid that since the outhreak of the fulf war only 30 per cent of the apacity of PTC buses — which Diver routes in Amman and link e capital with a number of trounding towns — estimated have been operative. But two ceks after the application of the

w government measure the te rose to 50 per cent.

A number of changes had to be roduced to the bus routes. As all as the 50 newly acquired hicles, the PTC also took arges of 50 buses from the rdan Express Tourist and insport Company (JETT) and buses from Royal Jordanian l) under special agreements,

bahbeh noted. le said that once the changes

use, congestion of passengers as witnessed in the first few days - has vahished and procedures are going smothly and without complications, Habahbeh noted.

However, other matters related to transport and the PTC are still pending solution by the Ministry of Transport, although the PTC management continues to take citizens' remarks and findsolutions for any problems that might occur, Hababbeh said. According to the PTC chief, PTC buses reach Salt, Zarqa,

Madaba, Mahes and Ruseifa in addition to the capital and its outlying regions. Habahbeh said he could not predict any further increase in the number of huses along these routes but attention was now

focused on improving transport

services within the Amman re-

gion itself and covering all routes m a more regular manner. Upon introducing the recent regulations allowing private cars to run on alternate days, the government said that the move was expected to save up to 35 per

Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources official declined to give any figures about the amounts of gasoline and other oil products saved, but noted that daily reports about the situation wer being sent to the prime minis-

Jordan introduced the mea-

the destruction of 31 trucks and the death of at least 14 people including drivers. Not only did the public opt for the PTC buses to communte to work, out road accidents were reported by the traffict department to have dropped by nearly

one half.

sure, which affects 175,000 cars.

### New tanker to bring Yemeni oil next week

AMMAN (Agencies) — Jordan is sending a newly purchased tanker to collect 100,000 tonnes of crude oil from Yemen to make up for the expected shortage resulting from reduced supplies from Iraq, according to senior officials here Monday.

The decision to purchase the oil tanker was taken at a cabinet meeting on Feh. 5 the day when a new measure to ration gasoline went into effect, allowing private cars to run on alternate days to help save at least 35 per cent of

According to Jordanian officials quoted by Reuter news agency a letter of credit has been opened with Yemen to buy the oil at market rates. The ship, which will be loaded in the next five or six days, is expected to be sta-

port to serve as a storage vessel. The government opted to buy the oil tanker and secure oil from sources other than Iraq following the allied bombing raids on oil tanker trucks along the route.

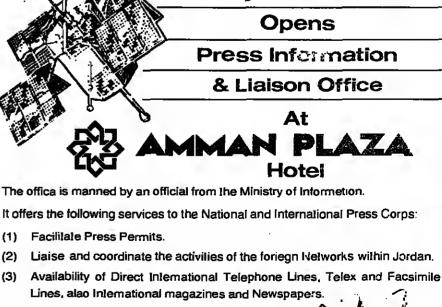
tioned permanently at Aqaba

AMMAN (Petra) — Former Nicaraguan President Daniel

Ortega, who heads the Internamnounced in Amman recently a

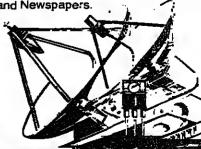
The proposat calts on the Security Conncil to anthorise the Secretary General to announce his readiness to dispatch U.N. observers to witness the implementation process of the solution launehed with Baghdad's withdraw from Kuwaii. Ii adds that territorial disputes between Iraq and Kuwait must be settled in accordance with the rules of

As soon as the peace process begins, all foreign forces de-ptoyed in the Gulf since Aug. 2 will leave in a time frame not exceeding the time of their deployment, the proposal states.



(4) A Reuter News terminal. The Plaze Hotel offers a special package to members of Press Corps where accommodation and full Buffet

breakfast are evailable at special rates along with a Lounge Suite where Complimentary Baverages ara served.



For further information please contact: **AMMAN PLAZA HOTEL** TEL: 674111 Extn.6048 FAX: 962\_6\_674261



### **Jordan Times**

establaned 1975 جورين تاييز يربية عربية سياسية مستلاة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General:
MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

# Gorbachev's new plan can make the difference

HAVING HELD crucial and "constructive" talks in Moscow, Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz and Deputy Prime Minister Saadoun Hammadi went hack to Baghdad yesterday carrying with them a Soviet plan for peace in the Gulf. The fact that the two Iraqi leaders have carried back to Iraql President Saddam Hussein a definitive peace formula for the Gulf crisis suggests there is now room for guarded optimism that Baghdad's Friday announcement accepting U.N. Security Council Resolution 660 is bearing fruit after all. The direct involvement of President Mikhail Gorbachev in the search for a genuine peace process to resolve the Kuwaiti conflict signifies that Moscow not only views the situation with greater gravity now, but also shares with Iraq and Iran growing fears about continued Western military presence in the Gulf in the

There is little doubt that the Soviet Union has become more aware hy the day of the implications of destroying Iraq and rendering it unstable. The geographical proximity of Iraq to the southern border of the Soviet Union, and the fact that most of southern republics in the country are already hotbeds for turmoil and secessionist movements that the West is accused of fomenting, must have prompted the Soviet leadership to move to contain what can be seen as a grand conspiracy being hatched by certain Western capitals. Besides, Mosetw is fast running out of friends and allies in the world and when its southern flank becomes threatened by an unrestrained Western military and political presence, it has to act and promptly so. It can be assumed, and safely perhaps, that the package deal that President Mikhail Gorbachev has transferred to his Iraqi counterpart contains additional elements that provide opportunities for Moscow to act swiftly on protecting its strategic interests. The Soviet Union wants to stay in the hig league and now is the time for it to show that it can still call some shots in the international arena. Accordingly Moscow would also seek a role for itself in tackling other disputes of the Middle East, especially the Arab-Israeli conflict. The Soviet Union needs to score successes in its diplomacy and the Gulf crisis offers it a grand opportunity to do just that. It remains to be seen whether the Gorbachev plan is balanced enough for Iraq to accept it. We surely hope that this is where the missing link for peace in the Gulf will be found.

### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

BY REJECTING the Iraqi initiative to settle the Gulf crisis, the foreign ministers of Egypt. Syria and the Gulf states have thus expressed their rejection of a formula aiming at repatriating the Kuwaitis, the Palestinians and the inhabitants of South Lebanon, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily. Inc. 1. the rejection which these foreign ministers expressed in Cairo last week, offers a service to world Zionism which has long desired to see their occupation of Palestinian land endorsed and approved by the Arab states, the paper noted. U.S. Secretary of State James Baker immediately expressed his delight over the foreign ministers' decision because America's views are being supported by certain Arab countries. not only with regard to Iraq, but also in relation to Washington's future plans for the region, the paper commued. It said that these Arah countries' stand means simply that the United States can count on its Arah allies and agents once the time has come to impose the so-called "new world order" which in reality means maintaining U.S.-Israeli hegemony on the Arah World. The United States which conspired with Israel to formulate the Camp David Accords, is now intent on implementing the aggreement which can best serve world Zionism's interests, said the paper. The paper called for a holy war to be waged by Muslim nations against the U.S.-Zionist-alliance, and against America's Arab agents whose declared intention is to subdue the Arah nation to the will and the desire of the United States and its strategic ally in

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily Monday comments on the role which the Soviet Union can play in the peace process and the benefits it can reap as a result. Jumaa Hammad says that Moscow carries a real international weight and can play a role designed to achieve peace no less powerful than the U.S. onslaught; and can balance the ongoing aggression with a serious thrust towards reestablishing world peace based on justice. Such peace, the writer notes, serves the Soviet Union itself since Moscow does not wisb to see America's influence expanding to reach Soviet borders; and should Soviet bids bear fruit, Moscow's former status as of champion of world peace will be restored. Furthermore, by halting the ongoing aggression on Iraq. Moscow would appease the numerous Soviet Islamic republics whose leaders bad been voicing concern over the continued air raids on their brother Muslims in Iraq, says Hammad. He also draws attention to the fact that the Soviet military bave been exerting pressure on Gorbachev to stop the war, voicing real concern over the course of events in the region and demanding that Moscow re examine its position. By intervening to achieve peace, the writer says, Moscow can achieve benefits no less important than those that serve the interests of the Arab World.

## A synthesis for peace

#### By Dr. Shamil Kubba

THE RECENT statement by the Iraqi Revolutionary Council that Iraq was willing to comply with United Nations Resolution 660 providing certain conditions are met. is an encouraging development, and marks the first time since the early days of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait that the Iraqi leadership has accepted the principle of withdrawal. However. the Iraqi communique once again highlights the large gap that exists between the warring parties - a gap which must be bridged before any true and honourable truce can be implemented.

Many peace initiatives have recently been put forward in an attempt to achieve a means of stopping the carnage taking place in Iraq and Kuwait. Most hlueprints like that of Pakistan's Prime Minister, Nawaz Sharif, were designed more to placate local frustration than to seek real solutions. They are naive and/or unrealistic in their content, with no serious attempt to examine the conflict with the impartiality needed. They were thus doomed to failure, even before the ink had a chance to dry.

In searching for a peace scenario acceptable to the Iraqi leadership and President Saddam Hussein in particular, a proposal must consist of a strategy that addresses the legitimate grievances and claims of the Iraqis which most proposals found convenient to ignore. Many initiatives left no incentive for withdrawal or reconciliation, leaving one to wonder of the sponsor's intentions. As Crown Prince Hassan rightly pointed out during a Face the Nation' interview, "Iraq would never surrender. When the United States says no face-saving, no linkage, no negotiations, and then unleashes this tremendous force of destruction, capitulation is simply not of the fraqi style, nor is it the Iraqi leadership

We are constantly reminded by the Iraqi leadership that any draft plan needs to include certain fundamental elements without which no peace process is possible. This is not only for saving face, or to ensure

the Iraqi government's survival but also to ensure an honourable solution that will satisfy the minimum goals and aspirations of the Iraqi people. Additional ancillary elements could complement these essentials, thereby making the peace package more comprehensive and appealing, thus increasing its chances of success. This suggests that any master-plan that is drawn up should consist of two main sections, that containing the essential elements and another containing the supplementary ones.

Elements essential to any peace treaty would bave to

include the following: That Iraq's ownership of the Rumaila oil fields be publicly acknowledged. However, since neither the Kuwaitis nor the British really dispute this fact, one is not asking much. The reality of the situation is that until August of last year, the Kuwaitis have continuously and systemanically been infringing Iraq's sovereignty by illegally and deviously drilling diagonal wells into the Iragi side of the border and pocketing the money themselves. Iraq has on several occasions tried to dissuade the Knwaitis from pursuing this practice hut withIraq be granted sovereignty over the two islands. Bnbiyan and Warbah, either as an outright gift or on a long term lease, thereby affording Iraq a suitable outlet for its oil and trade, particularly since it previously conceded balf the disputed Sbat al Arab waterway to Iran shortly after its invasion of Kuwait.

A sincere attempt by the

West and the United States in

particular to address the Palestinian/Israeli problem in the context of a comprehensive peace in the Middle East. The hype permeated by the Israelis that the perpetuation of Israeli control of Arah territory is necessary for strategic depth to ensure their security has been totally disproved. In an age where war is becoming increasingly dominated by high technology and where longrange hallistic missiles are playing an increasingly pivotal role, strategie depth bas lost its value. It seems more logical therefore, for the Israelis to seek peace than maintain their state of war which only feeds the hostility of Arabs and Muslims everywhere. The world must use a single measure; donble standards need to be shed aside.

Because of the intense dis-

taste for the Sabah family by many Arabs and Muslims, it is unlikely that the Iraqi leadership will accept their reinstatement. Free elections should be held within say, six months of a cease fire to belp solve this very thorny problem. An arrangement can be arrived at with any elected government to safeguard the billions of dollars currently invested in

the West. Already much dissension is surfacing amongst the Kuwaiti opposition who accuse the Kuwaiti government-in-exile of reneging on their initial pledge to restore parliament, dissolved in 1986 as well as the 1962 constitution. Former speaker of the Kuwait national assembly, Anmed Al Sa'adoon who is also leader of the opposition, points out that if the desposed Sabah family is returned to power, a martial law government will be set up instead. Moreover, the Sabah family has taken over control of the Kuwait Investment Co. which has foreign assets of over \$.120 billion and which is helping to finance the U.S.-led

coalition against Iraq.

Needless to say, few Arab leaders or people in the Arab world share any love for the Sabah family and their depar-

ture from the political spectrum will not be missed in fact it would be most welcome and should be encouraged. The Sabahs are looked upon as deceitful, grossly arrogant and self-indulgent rulers, with little compassion or earnest desire to serve either their own populace or that of the Arab Nation

Additional ancillary elements to create a more comprehensive package could include:

— Withdrawal of all foreign troops from the Gulf within a specified time-table. President Bush and Prime Minister Majors have always maintained that allied troops will leave the region as soon as the war is over. Arab or United Nations troops in the role of a security or buffer force (where a nation feels threatened) could then be invited to the region to replace them.

An effort be made to resolve the great disparity between wealthy nations such as Saudi Arabia and the Gulf sheikdoms, and the poorer non-oil producing nations such as Jordan, Sudan, Tunisia and Somalia. One method may be for the setting up of an Islamic fund for development and reconstruction which could be fi-

the Americans could even go

farther and encourage demo-

cratic movements in the re-

gion, if that is what the Amer-

icans truly want. All these, and

nanced from oil revenue income, say by the allocation of 15-20 per cent of the oil revenue of rich nations for this purpose. Such a contribution to the less well-to-do nations will not only assist in their development, gradually adding cohesion to the Arab Nation and the region as a whole, but it would also help ease much of the entrenched anger that has been fermenting over the years by these deprived people. It would moreover, go a long way in helping to alleviate the economic and social injustice the people of these non-oil producing countries are enduring.

America and its allies should pledge financial and technical assistance towards the immediate reconstruction of Iraq and Kuwait, for which they bear total responsibility. Furthermore, a separate fund should be set up to compensate the families of innocent civilians killed in the war or who had their property damaged or destroyed. These would include Iragis, Kuwaitis, Saudis, and Israelis and others. The Palestinians should also be compensated for the atrocities committed by the Israelis since

Declaring the Middle East (including Iraq and Israel) a mass destruction-free zone, thus requiring the removal of all weapons of mass destruction from the region, including nuclear, bacteriological and biological weapons. Israel and other countries must be induced to sign such a nonprofiferation treaty. To present Israel from evoking the security pretext for her aggression. America and/or ber althesican sign a formal defence treaty with Israel to antegrate her security within integrationally recognised boundaries.

Let us hope that during his latest trip to Mocow the Iraqi Foreign Minister! Jareq Aziz, will have been able to convince President Aviidhail Gorbachev to search and press for a just solution. One thing we must never forget: In war nobody wins and the alternative to an honourable solution is no solution at all.

The writer is an Iraqi author—

The writer is an Iraqi authorand architect. He contributed, the above article to the Jordan Times.

### Golden opportunity for West in Iraqi offer

#### By Abdullah Hasanat

THE U.S. response to Iraq's Feb. 15 initiative is an indication of either shear stupidity on the part of the U.S. leadership or a predetermined intent to really destroy Iraq as many people contend.

Why stupid? Because the U.S. and its allies, basically the West, have a golden opportunity in the Iraqi initiative to achieve most of their declared objectives. They would have "liberated" Kuwait, secured their oil interests, brought about the long-desired-for peace in the region, and maintained the Western "way of life." One additional, very important advantage for accepting the Iraqi officer, is that the West, particularly the U.S., would

have reached a settlement without shedding any more European and American blood or wasting more U.S. tax-

payer money.

If the U.S. had agreed to a ceasefire and opted for peace, U.S. troops could go home sooner, not necessarily in body bags, the U.S. president's popularity would soar, and the Soviet Union, apparently about to reverse course, would be kept pentral. By pursuing war still further, the U.S. leadership stands to lose its credibility, he labelled a liar, and incur the wrath of Arab and Muslim masses for ever. Since the declared objective of the war, Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, could be achieved without continuation of the carnage, then the war itself. which is against humanitarian law, will no longer be an acceptable tool of conducting relations with this region. Iraq's offer cannot be merely dismissed as a "hoax." The Iraqi leadership, after much destruction and bloodshed, has a genuine interest in peace.

In addition to the liberation of Knwait, the U.S. bas achieved most of its other objectives: a presence in the region, a say in its future and a secured oil flow. The U.S. can even reverse the tide of resentment and hatred for the U.S. among the Arab and Muslim peoples by simultaneously working for a settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict, and for a better distribution of wealth in the region. By taking Iraq's

more, are the advantages that an early end to the war could bring to the region. The U.S. has a chance in this experience that will probably never present itself again. The choice is clear: the U.S. can either opt for peace, comprehensive peace for the region, and therefore win Muslim, Arab and Jewish hearts, or alternatively it can opt for continuing war and by the end of it have all the region boiling in anger and hatred for the West and its American leadership.

the region. By taking Iraq's The writer is on the staff offer for democracy in Kuwait, pof the Jordan Times.

#### **LETTERS**

### U.N. ready to help

To the Editor:

I have read with great interest the article on page three of Monday's issue of the Jordan Times, entitled "UNDRO chief says U.N. may compensate families of air raid victims." and appreciate very much your reporting on the humanitarian relief efforts provided by the U.N. system to evacuees and refugees.

In order to avoid any misunderstandings. I should however note that I did not speak of any U.N. compensation for families of war victims, but stressed that the U.N. may consider any request from the government of Jordan for help to returnees in addition to its humanitarian assistance provided to third country evacuees. I shall also point out that I referred to the Geneva conventions

as providing for protection of the civilian population during armed conflicts and not the U.N. charter.

Hans Einhaus. Senior United Nations Emergency Manager in Jordan.

### America's dilemma

To the Editor:

IN the letters to the editor page of the reputable American newspaper, the Boston Globe, a letter was published that showed innocence, concern and above all confusion. My own confusion, bowever, centred around its publication as many comments, viewpoints and analysis do not see the light of day in the "free" American press. Any crincism of Israel, even if reasonable constructive, comes under serious scrutiny by the editor who invariably opts to censoring such articles. This letter showed growing awareness among Americans to the unreasonable alliance between the USA and the state of Israel. The blind support Israel constantly demands and claims can no longer pass unnoticed. The letter went to say:

"It makes one wonder wby the U.S. tax-payer must commue to pour \$3 billion a year into a small country. What do we get out of it? Surely we're not trying to win Israel over to 'our side.' Israel is already there. Are we trying to rehuild their economy, or belp them overcome some recent disaster? Just what is all this money for? If it cannot be stopped, then I suggest we seriously consider making Israel our 51st state. If we're going to support Erael, then we should have a say in how it is run."

Let us focus our attention to the Iraq-Iran Gulf war. This was a war between two countries that were not exactly sympathetic to the U.S. There was increased tension in both countries as it became evident there was U.S. "indirect and covert involvement and interference in this war. Electronic and satellite intelligence (later claimed to have been supplied intentionally erroneous i.e. doctored) was given to both Iraq and Iran. This led to the extended duration of this war with enhanced buman casualties and tremendous material destruction. By playing both sides, the U.S. was making its diplomats and ordinary Americans vulnerable to reprisals. It was also fuelling the anti-American semments in both countries with marked militancy and fundamentalism in the Middle East as a whole. This was clearly not serving the best interests of the U.S. particularly on long-term policy basis.

According to John Ranelagh in his book "The Agency. The Rise and Decline of the CIA."

"American interests were in fact done great harm by the war and by U.S. involvement. Israeli, not American, interests were better served by the continuation of the Gulf war. If both Iran and Iraq bleed themselves dry in a war, the principal winner is Israel."

This is one example of this absurd behaviour whereby Israel's interests always superceded America's own national security

interests. Awareness to this among Americans is growing, we bope!

It is important to note here that Israel concentrated constantly on weaving itself in the fabric of U.S. policy-making apparatus. It understood the importance of this and wanted to ensure that Israel shall never be discarded. It employed many tactics and moved many resources. It dominated lobby and interest groups. It controlled the media, through American Jews, of course. It destroyed the chances of leadership roles among many concerned good Americans. It bought conscience as it fed hatred to Arabs. It

ridiculed those who dared to protest and labelled them racist and

anti-semitic. And above all, Israelis showed apparent willingness

to work for U.S. objectives after they have controlled the factors

that would eventually result in constant service to Israel's

objectives and interests.

It is interesting to note in this context that while the U.S. showed little panence with any signs of discontent to U.S. policy by its Arab partners and friendly nations, it tolerated all actions of defiance and even deceipt and treachery by Israel. It was apparent that Israel trusted no one, and this complex attitude led to many abhorrent acts against its saviour and mentor, the United States of America. Israel used American aid to buy information, use people, gather intelligence reports, recruit officials, and employ spies against the U.S. itself. The Pollard case is probably not the last living example to this. Pollard took large boxes of classified documents from the Pentagon and delivered them to Israeli agents of the Mossad (the Israeli Intelligence Agency). These documents contained very serious information about U.S. defences. However, after Pollard's arrest. Israel simply apologised for this spying and labelled it "unauthorised." It claimed this was unknown to

accepted the apology with "great understanding."

He covered-up the whole incident and claimed a month later that Israel had returned all stolen documents. The irony remained that after this matter was "closed." the U.S. resumed sharing intelligence with Israel in all fields, on all levels, and in an enhanced capacity. The U.S. was truly "masochistic" in nature!

anyone in the Israeli cabinet. George Shultz, then U.S. secretary

of state, and a great servant of Israel's many and varied interests.

The more Israel harmed and betrayed the U.S., the more the latter drew satisfaction in maintaining strategic links and alliance with the "traitor." Meanwhile, good Americans remained dormant!

The current war in the Gulf is the last in the series of Israeli interests best served by American involvement. This is a war masterminded by Israel, financed largely by Arabs, carried out on Arab land, fought by an American-Western-Arab coalition, and drawing to a conclusion that best serves Israel. I could never think of a better, more satisfying theatrical script than this one that Israel wrote. Its success though, has centred around the naivety of the good Americans and the gullibility of the remaining few. The forces of evil dominated the U.S. decision-making process. Americans are being killed, American interests destroyed, and anti-American sectiments rising to alarming levels. And all for the

It is nice to sleep as this rests the body. It is nicer to deep-sleep as this rests the soul and initiates dreams. But, nicest of all is to wake-up as this reminds one he is still alive. Good Americans have slept deeply for too long and dreamt of this "evil" to simply wash

benefit of one - the wicked state of Israel. It is interesting to note

that this war is fought in the pretence of liberating Knwait (Iraq's

so called 19th province) while the true motives are to protect Israel

and succumb to the interest of this 51st state.

away. It is time to wake up and rid America of this cancer — the Jewish influence that serves no one, but the state of Israel. Because, if not, you may as well call it the 51st state, and rest in peace. Good luck, good Americans!

Izzat Dajani, Amman.

### Hit them where it hurts

.To the Editor

Accepting the fact that Jordan is not in the good books of the West due to its nationalistic and neutral position, there is every reason that Jordan would still face further pressures and even direct attacks on the country's national interests.

Many Jordanians are continuing to keep their savings outside the Kingdom.

Amgoom.

Though, I am not trying to interfere with the people's personal matters. I still would like to advise these people that there are alternatives to placing Arab money in countries that clearly desire our destruction and spend endless days and nights planning our future for us.

I would like these people to consider taking their money out of Britain, America, France, and any other country that targets us. The alternative should be to place their money in Jordanian banks. If that did not satisfy their security needs then they can place their money in an Arab bank either in Switzerland or a better choice Austria; basically a neutral country.

Austria is a neutral country by constitution and its banking laws are generally speaking better than those of Switzerland.

I am not advertising Austrian or any Arab bank. Rather orging I am taking Arab money out of the countries that have targetted us. Just like the West has frozen all the accounts of Iraq and Iran in the past, Jordan could also be treated in this manner for any pathetic reason they may see fit.

The best weapon for not being beaten is by being prepared. No matter how great or how little the value of Jordanian savings abroad is, the message will be strong enough.

We have to remember that placing our money in the enemies'

We have to remember that placing our money in the enemies' hands gives them the power to play around with us and make us kneel. So let's take our money out of their banks now while we can.

Wajih Murad,

### Big joke by some Arabs

To the Editor

On Feb. 17, the Washington Post reported that eight Arab countries allied with the U.S. in the coalition against Iraq proposed a set of sweeping defence and economic arrangements that they said would improve security in the Middle East after the war in the Gulf ends. Oman reportedly objected to the arrangements, which excluded Jordan (among other Arab countries) from receiving any Arab financial aid in the future and excluded the PLO from any role in solving the Palestinian problem. The Post report left me wondering whether the eight Arab states meeting in Cairo (except for Oman perhaps) might have not also decided what the new world order should look like and exactly about the Americans can leave or stay in the Middle East area.

Salim Abdo, Amman.

# New call service giving comfort to Palestinians

By Daoud Kuttab

AY. FEBRUARY

- 12-12-

- 252

. . . .

2.1

11 . 1.55

\* : :<u>:</u>±

127

JERUSALEM — A new service has sprung up in the occupied territories with the aim of giving comfort to Palestinians. "Call and be Comforted" is the name of a new hotline that has begun since the beginning of the Gulf war. Originally started by the personal initia-tive of a number of psychologists from Bethlehem University, the service has been widened and has been taken over by the Palestinian Counselling Centre in Jerusalem. It is now running shifts for psychologists and social workers from the area on a given day a week

> Callers to the new hotline range from people who do not

know how to wear their gas masks to people with questions about politics. But, according to the sponsors of the programme, the bulk of the calls come from parents who have prob-lems with frightened children, "when the siren is sounded, our son clings to his father and refuses to let go," said a caller last week. Another caller wanted to know bow to deal with all their children when the siren is sounded. "Which child am I supposed to prepare with the masks first?" she asked.

The trained mental health workers listen to the callers and allow them to express all their problems. "We don't intervene or offer advise until we know what exactly is the problem," said Fayeq Hussein, the head of the administrative

board at the centre. "Last week a young woman called from the Hebron area saying that she has not seen her fiance for weeks because of the curfew and wanted to know how he was. We could have stopped her at this point and told her to contact the Red Cross or the municipality who could have helped her get a message to her fiance. But when we let her talk some more we discovered that she was having other problems at home and the issue of her fiance was only a cover,'

forted" service began with a front page announcement in Al Quds daily. Only a phone number was listed and people were a little suspicious about who was behind the project. When it was taken over by the

The "Call and be Com-

cerns. One young caller asked it became easier for the local what would happen if Saodam Hussein loses. "Will the community to deal with since the centre, which was founded Israelis carry out mass deportations against us? What will in 1983, was known and was happen between us and the accessible. More importantly. Syrians and the Egyptians? the organisers of the project Again the listeners tried to rejected ideas by Israel Radio listen to the concerns, assure and Israeli newspapers 10 give the caller that his fears are them interviews or to use Israel legitimate and then went on 10 Radio to announce some of the explain that there are internacalls. "We were willing to deal with Palestinian institutions tional treaties that deal with the situation of people like us but not with Israeli ones bewho are under occupation. cause we would have lost our credibility with the people," said Rana Nashashibi, a lead-Another call revealed differences in one particular houseing political figure in the occuhold. The mother called compied territories. plaining that when the siren is sounded her son and husband As people became con-

vinced that the project was a legitimate and safe one, the centre started to receive calls that expressed political conconcerned about safety and less supportive of Iraq, tries to force his son to put on his protective mask. Mental health workers who

are involved in this project admit that they are unable to deal with all the problems on the phone and that anyway only a small percentage of the population knows about the project and then most Palestinians have no phones. The adverts in the local papers are only read in the Jerusalem area because of the curfews. Sponsors of the project are looking for ways to contact Arab and international electronic media in order to spread the word about the project. They are hoping, for example that Jordan Television and Radio would run some of their

phone number. They are also hoping that they could get Radio Monte Carlo to do the

Rana Nashashibi also feels that more visual projects are necessary. "Our people don't read papers and pamphlets, we need to reach them by radio and TV." She said that the centre is considering raising some funds for small TV programmes that deal with situations of stress and how to cope with them. She hopes that such programmes could be run on TV and she said that in the future there might be plans to go to the various Palestinian communities with a video and a TV playing the tape in addition to giving a lecture about stress. One idea she has is how

a family with older children can deal with a prolonged curfew.

For the time being, Palestinian health workers are content to answer the phones and deal with the problems of people who have access to phones. In addition to counselling they also have given advice to people on where to get food and i medical services. On som occasions they have taken the names of needy families at id given them to some of the committees and charitable organisations providing food and other needy items.

Daoud Kuttab is a freel ance Palestinian journalist base :d it 1 Jerusalem. He contribute if the above article to the Jordan

#### Gorbachev (Continued from page 1)

"Can't talk about that," be said after a 65-minute walk on the beach at Kennebunkport, where he was spending a long holiday weekend. 'Need to get a little more information.

"I have nothing to say about the Soviet matter.

Mr. Bush said "a lot of interesting things are happening" but that he did not want to discuss them. He was to return to Washington later in the day.

Mr. Fitzwater gave no indication the United States expected a breakthrough to result from the

He said the allied effort aimed at forcing Iraq out of Kuwait was on course and "we've been given no reason to change at this time." Asked whether the timing of a

ground war might be delayed to give time to consider the peace plan, Mr. Fitzwater told reporters: "I wouldn't make any assumptions.'

He said the United States had given the Soviet Union no assurances that it would delay a ground attack;

Mr. Fitzwater said Soviet help in getting Iraq out of Kuwait was appreciated as long as it led to a massive withdrawal without con-

ditions. He said the United States expected Moscow to get in touch with U.S. officials about the peace plan rather Washington

contacting the Soviets. Defence Department officials in Washington said U.S. troops

would continue inflitary operations in the Gulf despite the Gorbachev initiative. A Defence Department official said U.S. and allied forces were

poised for ground and amphibious assaults that would be "a tour de force of American capability unlike anything that anyone has seen before." "The decision is in the political

arena," he said. "We're ready to do whatever the president asks us to do." to do." Mr. Gorbachev has 24 to 36

hours to persuade Iraq to pull out of Kuwait, the Paris daily Le Monde quoted informed French sources as saying on Monday.

The newspaper quoted the sources as saying Mr. Gorbachev had earlier sought 10 days from the U.S.-led coalition to secure a peaceful Iraqi withdrawal and avert a land war.

Le Monde said: "Gorbachev Washingtoo."

the Gulf region. "While Iraq has accepted U.N.

Security Council Resolution 660 (calling for withdrawal from Knwait) explicitly and without any qualms, America by making vain excuses and portraying it as conditional, continues to perpe-trate acts of genocide..." he was quoted as saying.

lah Ali Khamenei, told a group of army personnel in Tehran that "the United States, Britain, France and some other countries have concentrated their forces in the region to secure their interests through a war with Iraq."

He added that "since they may want to safeguard their interests in some other form in the future, it is necessary for our armed forces to remain alert."

most - to succeed in his mediation between Bagbdad and

has 24 hours - 36 at the very

#### Aziz

(Continued from page 1) Khomeini, was quoted by Tehran

Radio as saying the United States sought to "devour the wealth" of

Iran's spiritual leader, Ayatol-

Al Thawra, newspaper of the

Arabia and other Gulf states and

scientific research, Ifta' (religious

The governor of Mecca, Prince

Majed Ben Abdul Aziz, Monday

washed the Kaaba, Islam's holiest

ruling Arab Baath Socialist Party. said: "There are high bopes and expectations in Moscow that the Iraqi-Soviet talks will be a decisive turning point between war and

Military officials in Baghdad meanwhile said their troops were ready for victory on the battle-

Al Qadissiya, the Defence Ministry newspaper, said: "The army has prepared all necessary means and power to make the ground war a killing zone and a graveyard for all the invaders dispatched to the region."

As Mr. Aziz met with Mr. Gorbachev, Baghdad's leading newspaper said the Moscow talks had raised "high hopes" for

The Iraqi media bad no immediate details on the two-day trip to Moscow, nor on the Soviet peace proposal which Aziz was to bring back to Baghdad?

By Barry Schweid The Associated Press WASHINGTON — After set-

backs, the U.S.-Soviet drive to wrap up a strategie reduction treaty is on track again. But a handful of tough verification problems continue to defy compromise - and are making it difficult to pin down a date for a rescheduled superpower summit in Moscow.

U.S. officials are breathing easier now that the recent talks in Washington with Soviet Foreign Minister Alexander Bessmertnykh prevented further unraveling of treaty issues near resolution only a few months

But they are feeling the impact of the more assertive role the Soviet military is taking in the arms control negotiations, as well as in the troubled Baltic republics.

Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev's key military adviser, Marshal Sergei Akhromeyev, was not in Washington for the three days of talks Bessmertnykhheld with President George Bush and Secretary of State James Baker. That meant a loss of the moderating influence he

had exercised on nuclear arms and other weapons issues in recent years.

always fight. The son, who

enthusiastically supports Iraq.

refuses to wear his gas mask

while the father, who is more

Hardliners in the Soviet military are considered at least partly responsible for the Kremlin's recent backtracking on the kinds of bombers that would be restricted under the START treaty, and on rules to guard against cheating on the accord.

"We have seen a steady trend in the direction of the general staff being more assertive and pushing their positions in the negotiations," said a U.S. official, speaking on condition of anonymity.

The trend began shortly hefore Eduard Shevardnadze resigned as foreign minister in December. He said then that conservatives were gaining the upper hand in the Soviet Union.

Shevardnadze's close ties to Gorhachev and his membership on the Politburo gave him mote clout than Bessmertnykh may have in dealing with Bush and Baker. But even Shevardnadze could not close the gap on three nagging rechnical problems or prevent the slide on the backfire bomber.

The United States has insisted

for years that the bombet, which the Soviets call the Tupolev-22-M, meets the definition of a strategic weapon under the treaty. That would bave meant counting all backfires - the U.S. Defence Department says there are 330 with about 30 more produced each year - against

U.S.-Soviet strategic talks on track

ovetall. However, the two sides agreed to adopt the principle established in the 1979 SALT treaty of imposing limits on the backfires, but in what is called "a politically binding declaration." outside the accord.

two treaty limits: 6,000 warheads

and 1,600 delivery vebicles,

Last fall, a deal was struck to limit the Soviets to 500 backfire bombers. Last spring, the Soviets bad agreed that the bombers could not be refuelled in midflight. Unless they are, most experts are convinced, the hackfire could not make it to the United States.

But Soviet negotiators over the last few months, apparently at the urging of the Soviet military, questioned the terms of the tentative agreement, especially the 500-bomber limit.

They also tried to reopen the

package of anti-cheatiog meaterms would take at least 10 sures that Baker and Shevard-

December during their talks in Houston. These include monitoring the production of mobile missiles and rules for counting longrange Cruise missiles carried on

bombers and the United States to 10 on theirs. Bessmertnykh's and Baker's talks put the backfire and verification measures back on track. another U.S. official said, speaking on condition of anonymity.

bombers. The Soviets are limited

to eight Cruise missiles on their

nadze had basically concluded in

"tbere's a whole package of issues that bas to be worked on' before the treaty can be wrapped The deadline had been Feb.

Still, the official cautioned;

11. That was when Bush and Gorbachev were to begin their summit meeting in Moscow and crown it with a treaty signing. Bush was so confident

START would be ready he scheduled the trip last month even though several provisions were still up in the ait. Even just finishing the text in in its highly technical English and Russian

days, officials said.

Chief Soviet negotia stor Alexei Obukhov came fror a Moscow with a team of exp erts. Talks were held all of last week at the State Department with a U.S. delegation headed 'by Reginald Bartholomew, unde recretary of state for internatio nal, security. The deadlock was not broken,

On Tuesday, aft er Baker and Bush made no fur ther headway on the chronic problems, the summit was postrioned. Bush cited the absence of a START agreement and a's said it would be "inappropria te" to be away from Washington during the conflict in the Gulf.

Still, Baker said he hoped the treaty could he finished in February and Bessmertnykh also registered op timism at the windup of his talks with Baket Tuesday nig'nt.

To get thete, however, Obukhov and Bartholomew must solve, in talks to resume in Geneva p tobably next week, other nagigitig problems.

Those problems concern monitoring, disclosure of missile test flight, information and Soviet inspection of U.S. B-2 Stealth.

#### government of United Germany No honeymoon for 1st

By Richard Murphy

and walls of the Kabaa with rose Islamic countries should help them... until the aggressor withwater and water from Zamzam, an ancient well. It was then draws his army from Kuwait and sprinkled with incense. its government and people return The Kabaa is washed twice a to it." he said. year once before the fasting Sheikh Abdul Aziz is directormonth of Ramadan and a secondgeneral of the departments of time prior to the annual haj,

which falls 70 days after the fast-

Prince Majed washed the floor

ruling), Da'awa (call) and guiing month. Ramadan falls around the 17th of March this year, depending on Kabaa washed the sighting of the crescent.

The second time the Kaaba is washed, it is dressed by its Kiswa or black cover woven with gold and silver threads.

shrine, in a traditional ritual pre-In the old times the Kiswa was ceding Ramadan, the month of brought from Egypt and other countries, but Sandi Arabia has sent up modern factory in Mecca to The ceremony is conducted on produce the Kiswa. More than behalf of King Fahd, whose offi-240 employers, mostly Saudis, cial title is custodian of Islam's including weavers and technicians holiest shrines at Mecca, senior are working to finish it in time for Saudi officials and accredited the next ceremony. Arab and Islamic ambassadors.

BONN - Any hopes Chancellor Helmut Kohl may have had of easing himself gently into his fourth term of office have been. rudely shattered by the Gulf war and the economic collapse of former East Germany.

Kohl was sworn in on Jan. 17. just hours after the United States and its allies began bombing Iraq on their U.N.-backed mission to end Baghdad's occupation of

Barely four weeks later Germany, which is barred by its constitution from sending troops ontside the NATO area, is viewed by some allies as an unreliable partner willing to put up cash towards the war effort but

"Washington expected political leadership, not reimbursement of its expenses," Ronald D. Asmus

STUDIO HAIG

Develop your colour film at

\* JUMBO photo

· Free enlarge

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042

ment 20 x 30 cm

Professional Quality in

size 30% larger

Swefieb tel: 823891

1 Hour Service

our shop and get:-

of the U.S. Rand Corporation wrote in the German weekly Die

Kohl's assurances that formerly communist East Germany would quickly biossom economically after unification last October look increasingly hollow as firms collapse, millions lose their jobs and Western investors stay away.

The Christian Democratic (CDU) chancellor now admits that taxes will have to rise, in breach of his election promises.

Old changes that he has a tendency to duck for cover and wait for crises to pass have resur-"With mountainous problems

4 Rent & Sale

Many villas and apartments are available for rent and

sale - furnished or unfur-

Also many lots of land are

For further details, please

CE

**Estate** 

Fax: 810520

Abdoun Rea

available for sale.

Tel. 810605, 810609,

Kohl, who shook off his old image as a bumbler and emerged as a skilful statesman during the rush to unity, has stood by while his conservative ministers squabbled with their liberal Free Democratic (FDP) coalition parents about foreign policy.

in finance and foreign policy and chaos in the coalition, the captain can no longer stay below deck, the business daily Handelsblatt said. "The chancellor must get

out of his bunk and take over the

rudder himself." Horst Teltschik, who resigned as Kohl's top foreign policy adviser in December, offered a simple explanation for the apparent loss of touch - weariness

"After an extremely heavy year... plus innumerable elections, and in the middle of coalition negotiations, the government was simply exhausted," he said in an interview.

Diplomats say the reality of the Gulf war overtook Germany's plans to gradually grow into its new international role.

They were not prepared for the new role," a European diplomat said. "They had planned a step-by-step development: first get united with East Germany,

LOOKING

FOR A PLACE

TO RENT IN

then help Poland and the Soviet Union, then define their role as a big power."

Kohl has shown irritation with

foreign critics who last year expressed fears about a resurgent Germany returning to its old militarist ways and now accuse Germany of cowardice. "They said we never take off

our jackboots. And now they say we won't put them on any more, he told Britain's Daily Mail newspaper. "What do you expect from Politicians of all parties are

urging Kohl to visit Washington to try to repair the damage, which Germany's \$11-billion contribution to the war effort has not

The government finds little reason for cheer in other areas of foreign policy.

It is keen to press ahead with economic and political onion within the European Community,

but the EC's weak and uncoordinated response to the Gulf crisis has convinced many of Bonn's part ners that the community is far from ready for this.

'Germany is committed to suppenting Soviet President Mikhail Ciorbachev and is alarmed by signs he is becoming authorita-

Nearly 400,000 Soviet soldiers are still in Eastern Germany and the Soviet parliament has not yet ratified a six-nation German unification treaty.

At home, surging budget deficits and demands for cash from Eastern Germany forced Kohl to drop his insistence that unity could be financed without tax increases. His ministers are now quarrelling over how to raise the extra billions.

"Helmnt Kohl will look back with nostalgia to 1990," Handelsblatt commented.

#### ---THE PROFESSIONALS ALWAYS CHOOSE THE RELIABLE

The state of the state of

, a. 22. 42.

بمجتنت در

تنتثث

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES, CUSTOMS CLEARANCE, TICKETS AND, RESERVATIONS.

AMIN KAWAR&SONS VI SIL 504676 604696

ne Arab. The first & best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan

St Circle, Jabal Amman, near Ahlinneh Circ Conn. Ahliyyah Girls School Open daily 12:00-3:30 p.m. 6:30-Midnight

Tel. 638968



**CROWN** 

INT'L EST.

packing, shipping, forwarding, storage

clearing, doot-to-door



CHEN'S CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Streel, Yatmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tei: 818214 Come and taste our specialilies

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

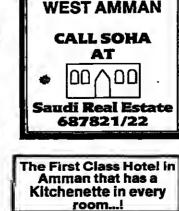
D.M.

6:30 - Midnight









DAROTEL حاراوتيل Amman · Tel. 668193 P O Box 9403 - Fax 602434 Telex 23888 DAROTL JO ideal Residence For **Expatriates and** Businessmen



for your MONEY... **ADVERTISE** in the

For the best

Jordan Times

**JORDAN MARKET PLACE** 

### Lendl defeats Sampras to take U.S. pro indoor tennis title

PHILADELPHIA (AP) -Three weeks shy of his 31st birthday. Ivan Lendi says he's a long way from being through with `tennis.

"I think this is the first year of the second half of my career," the former top-ranked player said Sunday after beating U.S.-Open champion Pete Sampras 5-7, 6-4. 6-4. 3-6. 6-3 in the \$1-million U.S. pro Indoor Tennis Championships.

Sampras said he expected to see Lendl around for some time. "I think he's capable of being no. I again, but who's 10 tell. Sampras said.

Lendl, now the world's thirdanked player, served 23 aces during the 3-hour, 20-minute n. atch. the last three finishing S: unpras in the ninth game of the fif th set.

' 'I'm starting to feel finally that I'm beginning to understand the gan le a little bit." Lendl said. Land has won every Grand SI am tournament but Wimbledon at least twice and holds 89 career single sattles, including two in this event. He won in 1986 when Tim May on te withdrew from the final, Sain pras, 19, won his first pro

title last year in Philadelphia and went on to win at Manchester and the U.S. Open.

Sampras was on a pace early to repeat his trinniph, taking a 4-1 lead in the second set after winning the first. Lendl. however.

won the next five games. "Obviously it's not a good situation, but you have to keep trying," Lendl said. "If you keep trying, some good things sometimes come out of it and that's what happened today.'

Sampras praised Lendl's powerful ground strokes and con-

"I just think my game and my intensity kind of went up and down throughout the match, whereas he was kind of one speed the whole way and he was just 100 strong for me," Sampras

Lendl broke service in the fourth game of the final set to lead 3-1, getting the break when he made a strong cross-court return of service that Sampras couldn't handle and hit a backhand into the net.

Lendl served two aces to get 4-1 and an ace and two service winners gave him a 5-2 lead.

Sampras served his 14th ace in winning the eighth game. Lendl's last three aces closed out the match in the next game after Sampras hit a return long on the first point.

Sampras won the first set from 6-5 as Lendl's first serves deteriorated. With the score 30-30, Sampras made two sharp service returns. Lendl hitting the first into the net and sending the other wide on a cross-court passing shot.

Lendl fell behind 4-1 in the second set, bot snapped back to win the next five games, breaking Sampras' service in the seventh and ninth games

Lendl got the first break of the third set in the seventh game, then served a love game for 5-3 and won four straight points in the 10th game to take a 2-1 lead

In the fourth set, Sampras broke Lendl with a passing shot to go up 4-2 an then rallied from 0-30 for a 5-2 lead. Leading 5-3, Sampras served out the set, evening the match at 2-2. Rick Leach and Jim Pugh defe-

ated Udo Riglewsky and Michael Srich of Germany 6-4, 6-4 in the



Ivan Lendi

### Navratilova beats Garrison to win Chicago tournament

CHICAGO (AP) - Martina Navratilova i has the answer if she ever gets i nto a slump.

"If I ever need a win. I'll create a tourname nt in Chicago," she said Sunday, after winning her 11th Virgini a Slims of Chicago championship in 14 years, bearing Zina Garriso n 6-1, 6-2,

"I was ner yous because I haven't played for a while and haven't won in a long time," said Navratilova. Ti te 34-year-old top seed was playing in only her second tourney since doubleknee surgery in November and the Sunday's vict ory was her first since beating Gar, uson in the final at Wimbledon last summer.

"I'm like a bad a ream — I keep coming back." Na vratilova said. Garrison, the fifth seed, thought she played well despite

the lopsided loss. "If I would have pl ayed anyone else today I would have won."

spending years in the sh; dows of

more famous Frenchmen. Guy

vet was overshadowed by the

Forget defeated Andrei Cher-

kasov of the Soviet Union 6-3.

7-5, 3-6, 7-6 (7-5) Sunday to

capture the Donnay Indoor

Championship, but found termis

fans still talking about Boris

Becker's injury that boosted Site-

fan Edberg back into the No. 1

Fortunately, Forget does not

"Fame is not my goal," he said.

relaxed as ever after his second

tournament title this year propelled him into the top 10 on the

Relying on a lightning serve.

accurate drives and crisp volleys.

Forget won the New South Wales

open in Sydney, Australia, last

month. He used the same qual-

ities to capture this \$600,000

event Sunday, beating Edberg in the semifinals on his way to the

Although his play can be just as

spectacular as that of Yannick

Noah and Henri Leconte, the French have not yet taken to

Forget in the same way.
"Let me continue playing like I

have since January and they'll get

the 26-year-old left-hander said.

to know me better in France.

spot in the world rankings.

seek the limelight.

ATP Tour computer.

CTOWD.

Forget's biggest tournament win

fight atop the world rankings.

said Garrison, who is 1-30 against Navraniova. "Some people play really well against you - and it's like that with Martina and 1."

Garrison also thought she played better than she did in her 6-4, 6-1 loss to Navranlova at Wimb-

The \$70,000 first prize for her 153rd career singles title boosted Navranlova's lifetime tennis winnings to \$16.78 million. Garrison, the 1989 Chicago Slims champion, earned \$35,000.

Navratilova, 34, dominated the 58-minute match with a variety of shots that had Garrison running all over the court, sometimes going in the wrong direction.

In the first set, Navratilova broke Garrison in the opening game. Then Garrison forced the second game to deuce twice before Navratilova held service. Playing close to the net when not serving and using drop and pas-

Forget wins Belgian indoor title

something to do with it.

He acknowledged the lack of

Noah's win in the 1983 French

Grand Slam performances was

Open in Paris gave him instant fame, and his off-court antics and

on-court acrobatics turned him

into a well-loved personality even

after bis skills started to wither.

1988 edition of the French Open

and he still has a love-hate rela-

nonship with the French public,

mainly because of his hot temper

Considering his sterling streak at regular ATP Tour events.

Forget said "now I have to do this

at a Grand Slam" to emulate

Noah and Leconte. "It is possi-

Forget has never reached a

Leconte and Noah both sprang

Grand Slam quarterfinal in nine

on to the scene as confident teena-

gens, while Forget has slowly

"Some players mature early."

There also have been persistent

questions about his mental tough-

ness, but he has disproved critics

over the last year by winning.

And, he says, his best years are

previous match with Cherkasov,

Forget, who had won his only

he said. "At 23, I was not an

and unpredictable form.

ble. It is not a dream."

vears of trying.

athlete yet."

nurt ured his talents.

still ahead of him.

Leconte made the final of the

sing shots to her full advantage. Navranlova also scored service breaks in the fifth and seventh

In the final set, Garrison forced the first and third games to deuce before Navratilova held serve both times for a 2-1 lead. Garrison lost service in the fourth game, bot she broke back in the next game, cutting the deficit to 3-2. Navratilova, however, broke Garrison's serve in the sixth game for a 4-2 lead.

Navratilova was forced to deuce in the seventh game before holding serve. Then a service break on a drop shot in the eighth game gave her the match.

The nine-time Wimbledon singles champ improved her record to 30-1 against Garrison, whose only win against Navratilova was in the quarterfinals of the 1988 U.S. Open. They had last met in the Wimbledon last year.

take the first two sets but a

growing number of unforced

Games went on serve until a

tie-break in the fourth set after

Forget had squandered four

match-points in the 10th game.

under pressure and quickly

carved out a 5-1 lead in the

tie-break. Cberkasov fought back

to 5-4 but Forget won the next

But Forget kept bis nerve

errors cost him the third.

### Chang hopes to regain top 10 form

MEMPHIS. Tennessee (AP) -Michael Chang is hoping to use the \$750,000 Volvo Indoor Championship to quietly begin his move back into the world's top 10 tennis players.

The unassuming Chang made a big splash in the tennis world in 1989, moving to the no. 5 ranking as he matched shots with the likes of Boris Becker, Ivan Lendl and Andre Agassi.

Chang, currently ranked 16th in the world, won only at Toronto last year as a hip injury sidelined him for three months and the 19-year-old found it difficult to regain his top 10 form. "I think basically it took me

quite .some time to, let the hip heal." Chang said. The doctor didn't pui a cast on me. He said let nature take its-course. It set me back a little bit.

"In this day and age where there are so many good players on the tour, a setback means you re not only failing to prove, but you are failing to maintain.

"I've had a taste of the top 10 and hopefully I know what it takes to get there, stay there and work on being no. 1 in the world," Chang said.

The tournament was set to start Monday and will conclude Sunday at the Racquet Club.

Chang is but one of the world's 10p tennis names who will have their sights set first on defending champion Michael Stich.

#### also made a point to Italian natiooal team manager Azeglio Vicini who dropped him and team mate Roberto Mancini for last week's friendly against Bel-

SAMPDORIA coach Vuiadin

By Reuter

Boskov dismissed Juventus as championship contenders after his side beat them 1-0 to go clear at the top of the Italian Soccer League at the weekend. His opposite number. Gigi

Maifredi, said Juventus, now three points behind Samodoria. had dominated for most of the game only to lose a contested penalty by Gianluca Vialli. But Boskov said: "Juventus

played well for 20 minutes in which they flattered only to de-"If we won and we are now three points ahead of them in the

table, it means that we are better

and that from now on we have

only two championship rivals (In-ternazionale and AC Milan), and not three.' A defiant Maifredi said: "We lost ... but I don't think you could

say we deserved to lose. We seized the initiative for fully 70 of the 90 minutes and we were only beaten by a doubtful

COSFORD, England (R) — Leroy Burrel and Linford Christ-

ie were involved in an agly off-

track confrontation Sunday after

the American trounced Europe's

top sprinter in a 60 metres event

tics meeting.

at an International Indoor Athle-

Burrell, the new world record-

bolder, showed astonishing arro-

gance midway through the race,

turning to his right to glare at

Britain's European 100 metres champion and Olympic silver

An infuriated Christie, who

finished a well-beaten third be-

Carbajal

Santos

flyweight ritle.

knocks out

LAS VEGAS (AP) — Michael

Carbajal, showing punching pow-er rarely seen at 108 pounds (49.

kilogrammes), stopped challen-ger Macario Santos with a devas-

lating left hook in the second

round to retain his International

Boxing Federation (IBF) junior

It was the sixth straight knock-

out for the 1988 Olympic silver

medallist, who won for the 19th

"I knew it would only be a marter of time." Carbajal said. "I

was setting him up with my jab.

trying to hit him with a clean

The left book, which followed

a pair of nice rights, landed flush

on the face of the challenger, who

crumpled to the canvas. Santos

stayed on his back as referee

Richard Steele counted him out

at 1:09 of the second round.

time in as many pro fights.

Burrell, Christie clash at

U.K. indoor athletics meet

gium in favour of Juventus strikers Salvatore Schillaci and Pier

Luigi Casiraghi. The two Milan clubs are joint second, a point behind Samp-

AC Milan produced one of their best performances for some time in their 3-1 home win against Lazio, with goals from Daniele Massaro and Dutch internationals Marco Van Basten and Ruud

Coach Arrigo Sacchi said: "It's great to see the side play well like

"That's the sort of soccer people love to see and watching them I felt that I was seeing once again the side that has become world famous for its competitive, chasing game and fast attacking

Internazionale lost ground ou Sampdoria in a 1-1 draw at

hind Burrell and another American, Mark Witherspoon, turned

angrily on Burrell after the race

and the pair had to be separated

by the burly British promotions

official, former police officer

"He told me 'if you do what

you did again I will hurt you and I

will kill you'," Burrell told repor-

ters. "I told him 'then kill me

Christie, somewhat unconvin-

"This was just trivial stuff," he

Tension had been building be-

tween the pair during the week

after Burrell dismissed Christie's

claim that he would have beaten

the American over the same dis-

tance in Stutigart last Sunday if he

had not mistaken the finish line.

Burrell's time of 6.56 seconds

was the second fastest time in the

world this year, behind only the

world record 6.48 the American

set in Madrid last Wednesday.

Just over an hour later Christie

was handed a second defeat, this

time over 200 metres by Michael:

Johnson, the world number one

Johnson won convincingly in

20.74 seconds, although, on his

own admission, it was not one of

The 23-year-old American did

not make the best of starts and

also bad trooble on the final bend

but he still had too much speed

for Christie, who finished second

Christie, who was all smiles as

he spoke to a television inter-

viewer with Johnson afterwards,

said he bad no regrets at taking

on two such formidable oppo-

nents only a mouth before the

World Indoor Championships in

outdoors last year.

his best races.

in 21.15.

Seville, Spain.

cingly, dismissed the confronta-

tion later as "just hype."

Andy Norman.

There was no weekend league

#### Weduesday's European Championship qualifying match with Spain, but there was no let-up to the turmoil surrounding champions Marseille.

action in France because of next

Club captain Jean-Pierre Papin was linked with Joventus and the star striker said in a newspaper interview published Monday he could be interested in joining the Italian club.

Asked about a statement by Marseille President Bernard Tapie that Juventus had offered 50 million francs (\$10 million) for him, Papīu told France Soir: "I know nothing about it. But if the Italians are really interested, I am certainly willing to discuss the matter

Papin, leading goal scorer in France for the last three seasons and top of the standings again this year, will spearhead the French attack at the Parc Des Princes Wednesday.

There was no league action in Spain, the Netherlands or Germany at the weekend.

Meanwhile debt-ridden Tottenham Hostspur, desperately needing a lucrative Football Association (F.A.) Cup run, were drawn at home to second division Natts County in the

Sampdoria coach dismisses Juventus challenge quarter-finals of the competition Sunday.

The match is the only clear cut fixture to emerge from a draw thrown into confusion by recent

bad weather. It is sure to delight the London club, who have debts of some £12 million (\$23.6 million and need to earn money from cup success to avoid having to sell England stars

Gary Lineker and Paul Gascoigne.
But County proved their ability Saturday when they knocked out first division Manchester City in the fifth round.

Second division leaders West Ham will entertain the eventual winners of the clash between Liverpool and Everton, who replay Wednesday after a 0-0 draw Sunday. Third division Cambridge, in

the last eight for the second successive year, face the daunting prospect of a trip to Arsenal if the north London side can get past third division Shrewsbury.

Matters are even more complicated for cap bolders Manchester

If they win at Norwich in the fifth round Monday they will be at home to Southampton, Newcastle or Nottingham Forest.

#### Horoscope not received



# wonderful start.' JUNIBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee **GEESI**

**NORIB** CAPNUK

WHEN A WOMAN REALLY BEGINS TO COUNT ON A MAN-DAUMAR

THE Daily Crossword by Fred Toole

Unit of m

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: CASTE GOURD WORTHY INJURY Answer: The magician's tricks were something - - - TO CONJURE WITH

#### point to set up two more championship points.

**Mutt'n'Jeff** 



#### GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you ♦ AQ9643 TVoid +962 ♠ AK83 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West P255 Pass 3 7 Pass

What action do you take? 0.2-Neither vulnerable, as South

you holo: ±A107632 ?A10943 ∴8 ±5 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 % 3 **\$** Pags 1 **6** 3 7 ? Pass Pass Pass 3 NT Pass

Q-3-As South, vulnerable, you **♠ KJ9762** ♥AJ52 ♦ J6 The bidding has proceeded: West North East South

What action do you take?

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ 3 4 Pass Pası 1

What action do you I ake? Q.4—East-West vulnicrable, as

South you hold: AK109 ♥J ♦AKJ1-983 475 Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one heart. What action do you take?

-Both vulnerable, Sound deals, ±J1076 7KQ1094 ♦6 ±AK8
The bidding has proceeded: West North East South P255 Pass 2 🛨

What do you bid now?

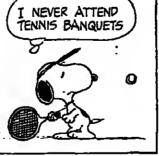
Q.6-As South, vuluerable, you **465 7984 ♦54 4**AKJ1052 Partner opens the bidding with one spade. What do you respond?



### **Andy Capp**

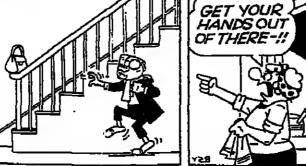








### **Peanuts**







#### 13 — Ness 14 "— which will live in Infamy" (FDR) 15 Holm oak 16 USA word: abbr. 17 Substential 18 Bladed tool 19 Doctor 19 Occlor 22 Parent 23 Crucifix 26 Cuban lead 29 Fortress delense 31 Coins: abbr. 32 Like Swiss cheese 34 HST nama land 37 Velvet finish 38 Horse 39 Had dinner 40 Noncom 41 Journal Saturday's Puzzia Solved: 42 — de deux 43 Fighting for 44 Dons 45 Stow away 47 Public este 48 Toddiars' program Grand e.g. Ancient Рілсе--12 Eng. river 14 Houston player 20 Ventilated 21 Pretentious 24 Discards school 54 Mr. Kazan 57 Indian home 56 Whit 59 Ribaid 59 Ribaid 60 Assumed Sound system nama 61 — Domini 62 Hotchets 25 Solind system 26 Inexpensive 27 Arteries 28 Most willy 29 Shabby 30 Fr. river 32 Unrelenting 34 Injure 37 Of maler and pater 63 Need 64 Pastures DOWN 1 Applaud 2 Residence 3 Chilled 4 Name a child pater Substance 53 Temple 54 Important 40 Rani robe 41 Mountein Ilon 44 Book lea

## Experts say U.S. will remain hooked on oil from Gulf over next ten years

ASHINGTON (AP) - The ion of an America independent Gulf oil is as much an illusion w as it was two decades ago nen the government first ubraced the idea, experts say. This is the virtually unanimous oclusion of government, husiss and academic experts, who ree that U.S. reliance on Mide East oil will continue unnated and may even increase.

That consensus, which nerged from a State Departent oil seminar last week, is nwelcome news at this juncture, iven the uncertainties about the olitical makenp of the Gulf nace he U.S.-led war against Iraq

The panel agreed that no commation of conservation meaures or alternate sources of oil vill be enough to make even a minor dent in the American addiction - or that of other industrialised countries — to Gulf

William Ramsay, a top State Department nil expert, said, whether we like it or not and despite the efficiency gains of the past decade, the world economy still runs on oil and as we look ahead, the trend seems inexor-

"The global oil import reliance will continue to grow throughout the 90's and major increases in consumption will certainly be supplied by the Gulf, he noted.

The incentives for reducing U.S. dependence on Gulf oil would appear to be immense. Oil imports from that region drain billions from U.S. coffers, and the potential instability of the region, underscored by the Gulf war, has raised serious doubts about its reliability as a supply

Almost two decades ago, president Richard Nixon established energy independence as national policy, emphasising conservation. But the panelists pointed out that most of the easy conservation measures — such as improved home insulation and more energy efficient automobiles - already are in place. There are no conservation panaceas on the hori-

zon nowadays, they said. Lucio Noto, a Mobil Corp. vice president, said there is nn reason to believe there will he any significant production increases by oil countries outside the Middle East over the next decade.

He also noted that U.S. production levels are down over the

"Our calculations were aimed

The price rises are a key pillar

at overall compensation of 85 per

cent of all price rises," he noted.

of Kremlin plans, not yet spelt

out in detail, to move to a market

economy and revitalise Soviet in-

It was not clear when the in-

creases would take effect. A pre-

vious attempt set off a surge of

panic buying that cleared store

shelves and forced the govern-

ment, under Pavlov's predecessor

Nikolai Ryzhkov, to back down.

plan was a dispute with some

republics over control of the com-

pensation payments, with Russia,

Byelorussia and the Ukraine all

His promise of hefty com-

pensation raised the spectre of

continued inflationary pressures.

Critics bad said any move to raise

prices and then compensate the

population would only compound

seeking local control.

the economic chaos.

or 2.70 per cent.

highest since last September.

Pavlov said one snag in the

past decade by more than 25 per cent to 7.2 millinn barrels a day and "the prospects that this numher will go down are very

Nnio pointed nui thai the situation of other industrialised is even more precarious than that of the United States. Whereas the U.S. imports 40 tn 50 per cent of its oil consumption, the figure for Europe is 66 per cent and for Japan 100 per cent.

Paul Jahber, a vice president of Banker's Trust, believes U.S. dependency on Gulf oil will increase. To ensure continued access at reasonable prices, he said, the Gulf region must not "fall under the sway of a regional hegemonic power" or an outside force hostile to the industrialised

### Soviet government plans to raise prices by 60%

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet Prime to market relations," Pavlov told Minister Valentin Pavlov said Monday his government planned to raise prices 60 per cent on average hut higher wages and welfare payments would compensate people for most of the in-

In a report to parliament, Pavlov said the state would set price ceilings on necessities, including meat, milk, sugar and transport. following individual republics to

set lower levels. Huge state subsidies would be slashed, though not yet eliminated, as a key step towards a pricing system reflecting the costs of producing and distribution

more accurately. Almost one-third of all goods would be sold at free or so-called "agreed" prices set by suppliers

and retailers. Medicine, petrol, energy and vodka would remain at current

"We view this reform as a necessary stage in the transition

664.0

450.0 525.0

1316.5 452.7 528.2

U.S. dollar Pound Steri

One Sterling

One ounce of gold

THE THE STATE OF

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Monday, February 18, 1991

Central Bank official rates

**LONDON EXCHANGE RATES** 

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

1.9635/45

1.1520/30

1.4810/17

1.6650/60

1.2690/97

5.0350/00

1108/1109

13.05/15

5.3550/5400

5.7850/7900

364.60/365.10

5.6875/25

30.42/47

the Supreme Soviet. More prices would be freed over time, he

But his one-hour speecb largely a series of figures read in a monotone - ignored opposition demands for an outline of government strategy to reform the moribund economy.

The parliament is due to discuss Pavlov's report Tuesday before turning its attention to President Mikhail Gorbachev's Gulf war peace initiative, which he presented to Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz Monday.

"The level of retail prices will grow by an average of 60 per cent," Pavlov, appointed prime minister last month, told the first day of the parliament's new ses-

We think that for a number of goods which determine the population's living standards the state must set the top level of prices and control their growth,'

Japanese yen (for t00) 510.6 513.7 Dutch guilder 399.5 401.9 Swedish crown 120.2 120.9

Italian lira (for 100) 59.8 60.2 Belgian franc (for 10) 218.5 219.8

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Italian lire

Japanese ven

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Tel: 677420

399.5 120.2 59.8

### Inflation in **Britain eases**

LONDON (AP) - Britain's annual inflation rate fell to nine per cent in January from 9.3 per cent in the previous month, helped by retailers' sale promotions and cheaper fuel prices, the government has said.

The retail index rose 0.2 per cent in January from December, the Central Statistical Officer

The index stood at 130.2 in January, 129.9 in December and 119.5 in January 1990. The index uses a January 1987 base of 100.

The underlying inflation rate, which excludes mortgage payments and a per capita tax, fell to 7.1 per cent in January from 7.7 per cent in December.

Prices for clothing and household goods fell during January as a result of widespread retailers' sales, the office said. Gasoline and automobile prices also declined on the month, it said.

However, there were increases in prices for food and alcoholic drinks, housing costs and higher rail fares, it said.

**WORLD STOCK MARKETS** 

SYDNEY - The All Ordinaries index source briefly above the

1,400 level for the first time in more than four months as

cashed-up investors scrambled to join the sharp rally on world

TOKYO - Hopes for an early end to the Gulf war pushed the

Nikkei stock average up nearly 900 points to close above the 26,000 level for the first time since Aug. 21. The Nikkei rose

HONG KONG - The Hang Seng ended sharply higher with a

60.76 point, or 1.76 per cent, gain, rising to 3,473.42 on a rally in

BOMBAY - The stock exchange was closed to enable brokers to

complete business done in the three weeks ending last Friday,

FRANKFURT - Shares continued to rally on hopes of a quick

end to the Gulf war. The Dax index closed at 1,572.57, up 41.38

PARIS - The market paused for breath after prices soared in

mid-session. But the CAC-40 index still ended 24.57 higher at

ZURICH - Prices closed higher on active buying, huoyed hy

Tokyo's strong showing. Dealers said Blue Chips were still in demand. The all-share SPI index closed at 1,010, up 13.5 and its

LONDON - Shares closed firmer after holding morning gains

through a dull afternoon session. The FTSE index closed up 21.4

when the BSE index rose 15.37 points to 1,039.60.

bourses. The index ended up 22.7 points at 1,339.3.

886.27 points, or 3.50 per cent, to 26.230.01.

### S. Arabia confirms borrowing

RIYADH (AP) - Finance Minister Mohammad Abal Khail confirmed Monday that the kingdom is borrowing from abroad for the first time in more than 30

Abal Khail told the official Sandi Press Agency (SPA) that international banks made an excellent response to the borrowing request "due to their knowledge of the strength of the Saudi financial position and .... its natural resources and strong financial

The Associated Press and other news organisations reportedulast week that Saudi Arabia has approached a group of banks to borrow some more than \$3 billion to help finance a budget deficit that has been swollen by the war against Iraq.

The loan is being organised by Morgan Guaranty Ltd.

The Kingdom has committed an estimated \$48 hillion to finance the war, said diplomatic sources. Oil revenues in 1991 are unlikely to total more than \$44 billion, calculated on an average \$20 per barrel for current output of about eight million barrels per

Abal Khail did not provide any details of the borrowing. But he said it was incorrect to suggest the borrowing reflected any weakness in Saudi Arabia's financial

Borrowing is controversial in Saudi Arabia because interest payments are forbidden in strict

Abal Kahil told SPA that borrowing is normal for countries or organisations that face pressing financial needs.

The last time the kingdom had to borrow was when King Saud depleted the treasury before being deposed in 1964.

## **Qatar** reviews banking

policies

BAHRAIN (R) - The Oatari Monetary Agency (QMA) said it would review its banking policies to maintain stahility among hanks and the banking system in the

The Bahrain-based Gulf News Agency Monday quoted OMA chief Abdulla Khalid Al Attiva as telling the Qatari daily Al Sharq that the OMA "is working to introduce new policies aimed at maintaining the stability among banks and the banking system in

He said the regulations review would include financial investment, loans and deposits sectors and other credit facilities.

Oatar is among the Gulf Arab states hit by the Gulf crisis caused by Iraq's invasion of Kuwait last August.

Attiva said the banking situatinn in Qaiar was good and all banks had enough liquidity. Liquidity was "far higher than it was before the current Gulf cri-

sis," he said.
"Banks' performances in 1990 are good. The hanks, especially local hanks, were able to achieve excellent profits depoite the fall in deposits" amounts. Attiva said withnut elaborating.

### Army curfew worsens living for Palestinians

### **Gulf war cuts deeply** into Israeli economy

TEL AVEV (AP) — After a month of war in the Gulf — and accompanying Israeli army security strictures on Palestinians the intertwined economies of Israel and the occupied territories are in deep trouble.

Israel is experiencing the worst drop in tourism in 17 years, a sharp decline in consumer spending and a slowdown in factory

As for Palestinians, most are being kept from their jobs in Israel and the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip by army order. This has both devastated the Palestinian economy and badly hurt Israeli business that depend of Arab labour.

Danny Gillerman, president of the Israeli Chambers of Commerce, described Israel's \$50 bilhon economy as "shell-shocked."

"If some real drastic measures aren't taken immediately to reinvigorate the economy, we shall see the collapse of many husinesses," Gillerman warned on national radio.

On the other side of the line, a month-long army curfew has reduced Palestinian commerce and industry to a crawl. Money that used to come from relatives in the Gulf has dried up.

Palestinian development expert Samir Hulaileh says the war already has cost the \$2 billion Arab economy at least \$200 million in lost income and produc-

"We bave a disaster in the making" Hulaileh said, "There could be long-term damage." The 1.7 million residents of the

accoming territories were viewed by Israel as a vast, cheap labour pool and a market for Israeli

The three-year Palestinian uprising against Israeli occupation has more than halved that market with boycotts of Israeli-made goods. But it has done little to sever the labour linkage because there are few job alternatives in the territories

Some 110,000 Palestinians worked in Israel before the war. and their earnings constituted one-fifth of the West Bank's total

income and two-fifths of Gaza's. The crunch has come because of the army curfew, imposed Jan. 17 fnr fear that pro-Iraqi-Palestinians would disrupt Israeli scentity at a time it was

threatened with Iraqi missiles.
Under an army scheme introdneed last week, several thousand Palestinians were given special 10-day work permits and allowed to return to jobs in Israel. But the majority of Arab workers won't be allowed hack, creating havoc for Israeli em-

In the construction industry, where more than half of the work force generally has been Palestinian, building activity has fallen to one-quarter of prewar levels, the Israeli housing ministry says.

Agriculture, where Palestimians make up most of the seasonal labour, has been hit hard. Israeli growers say that if their oranges and grapefruits are not picked within the next two or three weeks, they will lose most of the crop.

The difficulty in getting Palestinian workers into Israel comes on top of direct war damage to both

in ferrel tourist agrical have fallen to the lowest sever since the

1973 Middle East war, and con-

sumer spending for cinthes, shoes and furniture is off by more than

Economist Yaacov Sheinin estimates the Gulf war already has cost the Jewish state \$1 billion in lost production, lower tourism revenues, higher defence spending and direct damage from Iraqi missile hits.

Sheinin expects the United States and other Western allies tn compensate Israel for much of the loss and predicts the nation still may achieve its projected seven per cent economic growth

Until that foreign aid arrives, the finance minister has announced a 500-million-shekel (\$250 million) loan fund to carry financially strapped Israeli com-

panies through the crisis. In Palestinian areas, only 30 of the territories' 3,000 factories have army permits to operate, and even those are not working at

Hashem Juneidi, owner of the West Bank's largest dairy, said be has been allowed to recall only 26 of his 40 workers and his production of cheese and yoghurt has been halved.

"People have no money to buy our products," Juneidi said.

Betselem, the Israeli information centre for buman rights in the occupied territories, reports that farmers have been unable to get their vegetables to market because of army road blocks and that the Israelis have stalled Arab export programmes, including the delivery of 5,000 tonnes of cave on to Italy.

Cash shortages are so severe that "continuation of this inactiv-, "to allow see "It in people mable to percentage interpost pasic recressities," Betselem said.

### OPEC may use March meeting as emergency session—Subroto

NICOSIA (R) - OPEC might turn a consultative meeting next month into an extraordinary session that could take decisions to defend falling oil prices, OPEC Secretary-General Subroto was quoted as saying Monday.

OPEC oil ministers are due to meet in Vienna on March 11 for their first conference since the Guif war began on Jan. 17 amid fears oil prices would tumble to below \$10 a barrel once the fight-

ing stopped. Subroto told the Libvan news agency JANA that the 13member Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) was concerned oil prices could deteriorate further during the second quarter of this year because the market was awash with surplus crude.

"The essential issue that is of concern to the organisation at present is the deterioration of oil prices because of war in the Gulf," JANA, received in Cyb-

rus, quoted Subroto as saying.
"The world oil market is suffering from an excess in supplies and this could make matters worse during the second quarter of this year which is traditionally characterised by lower consumption levels," he added.

Subroto, an Indonesian, was speaking after meeting Libyan Oil Minister Abdullah Salesn Al Badri Sunday.

OPEC oil ministers might turn their consultative session in Vienna into an extraordinary meeting "to agree on necessary measures to rectify the prevailing conditions, create a balance between supply and demand and restore stability to oil prices," Subroto was quoted as saying. .

The group has set a "minimum reference" price of \$21 a barrel. World oil prices have tumbled by more than 50 per cent this year compared with levels seen at the start of the Gulf crisis when Iraq invaded Kuwait in August. Both Iraq and Kuwait are members of OPEC.

Middle East crudes are selling at around \$13 a barrel compared with more than \$30 at the start of the conflict when the United Nations Security Council imposed a ban on exports from Iraq and Kuwait.

Since then Saudi Arabia, the world's biggest oil exporter, and other OPEC members had opened their taps to compensate for the loss of more than four million barrels per day of Iraqi and Kuwaiti output. Gulf-based oil industry sources

have said prices could drop further unless over-producers lowered The group is presently produc-

ing nearly 23 million barrels a

day, according to a recent Renter

Gulf Arab OPEC delegates said Monday that OPEC is unlikely to reintroduce oil output quotas suspended after the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait last August unless the Gulf war is over when oil ministers meet in Vienna next

Even if oil-producing states involved in the conflict suffer a further drop in world prices, they are unlikely to review their policies at the Vienna meeting.

There are five OPEC members involved in the war. It is a bigger thing for them than \$1 or \$2 off the oil price," said one delegate. "I doubt if we are going to get an agreement while the war is going on."
Members of OPEC agreed last

August to suspend their quota system to make up the shortfall caused by a U.N. embargo on Iraq and Kuwait.

Any OPEC action hangs on Saudi Arabia, which produces more than one-third of the organisation's total oil output and whose current porduction is way above the quotas set for last July. But delegates saw little likeli-

hood of change in Saudi policy despite the strains of financing the war and the possibility of oil prices weakening further

#### WANTED FOR EMPLOYMENT A driver for the Embassy of India

The Embassy of India in Amman requires the services of a driver with sufficient experience provided he is fluent in English.

Those interested should call at the embassy in person after fixing an appointment by telephone: 637262 - 622098

TO ALL JOURNALISTS, TV REPORTERS

**BUDGET RENT A CAR INTERNATIONAL STARTS TO** OPERATE ITS VEHICLES TO IRAQ WITH DRIVER , AT GUARANTEED COMPETITIVE, INCLUSIVE RATES, NEW, LARGE CONFORTABLE CARS (4 WHEEL DRIVE, STATION WAGON , SALOON CARS ).

FOR MORE DETAILS PLEASE CALL : TEL: 698131 GABRIELA

Cinema CONCORD

RESCUE

SENIOR WEEK

Show: 5:15, 8:30 p.m.

Tel: 675571 MUOUM

> MONEY MANIA

Show: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

RAINBOW

Performances: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m



Performances: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30

Tel: 625155

Part II

Tel: 634144 Cinema PHILADELPHIA

**MAD MAX** 

LAMBADA



Tel: 699238 PLAZA

SUMMER SCHOOL

Performances: 12:00, 3:00, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15

### **JORDAN PHOSPHATE MINES** CO LTD

**WEBUY USED CARS** 

Piease contact phone 697904 - Miss Tania.

(Duty unpaid). Models 1988 and above.

INVITATION TO TENDER NO 2F/91 JPMC announces the invitation to tender No,

2F/91 for the supply of 4,000,000 MTS (four

million metres of cortex detonating fuses). The tender documents are available at JPMC offices in Amman supply department until 2:00 p.m. local time Sunday 10.3.91, application for documents should be accompanied by a nonrefundable, fee of JD (60) for each set of tender decuments.

The closing date for submission tender is 12:00 hours local time Saturday 16th March 1991.

' Wasef Azar **Managing Director** 

### Soviet forces seize Georgian militia base in night attack

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet forces backed by tanks and armoured vehicles shot their way into an unofficial Georgian militia base and captured it in the early hours of Monday, local journalists and politicians said.

It was the first known instance. of Soviet military intervention against Mkhedrioni (horsemen), a well-armed vigilante group formed two years ago on a growing wave of nationalist sentiment in the southern republic.

There was shooting and they captured the base. Three (Mkhedrioni) people were wounded and the military took them away, it's not known where," said one journalist in the Georgian capital Tbilisi.

The attackers, wearing masks, stormed the base near Tbilisi in three tanks and 10 armoured vehicles, be added.

There was fighting and there are wounded. The nationalists had three machineguns seized. Nobody is being allowed in and tanks have blocked the road," said Valerian Advadze, a Geor-

The Michedrioni is one of a number of profficial militia groups which have sprung up in southern Soviet republics in open defiance of President Mikhail Gorbachev. It describes itself as a troubleshooting force dedicated

to keeping the peace.
Its leader Djaba Iosseliani said in a recent interview that he could raise 6,000 men within eight

But Georgia's nationalist leaders oppose the Mkhedrioni, calling it a destabilising group armed by the Kremlin in order to sow

The journalists said 30 Mkhedrioni militiamen were in the base at the time of the raid. One of them said all 30 were arrested. They added that two members of the Soviet forces were wounded.

Georgians have voiced fears in recent weeks that their nationalist challenge to the Kremlin could be met with armed Soviet intervention as in the Baltic republic of

Lithuania and Latvia last month. Zviad Gamsakhurdia, president of Georgia, said he ex-pects the Soviet army to crush the Soviet republic's drive for independence and called for Western

Of course I fear an attack and I am sure it will come. For the moment we are not strong enough to repel any aggression. he told El Mundo newspaper in an interview published Monday.

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev has condemned a move by Gamsakhurdia to form a 12,000 man National Guard.

The Georgian leaders said only respect for international law and world public opinion, or an international agreement similar to that which led to the Soviet forces abandoning Eastero European countries, could make the Soviet

army leave Georgia. Without political and economie aid from the West it will be difficult to win independence. But right now the countries that could help us are scared of Gorbachev. They don't want to spoil relations with him," he said.

Gamsakhurdia's aspirations have brought Georgia into direct

confrontation with Moscow. Tension bas been worsened by clashes with the Ossetians, an ethnic minority which wants to stay part of the Soviet Union and

which is encouraged by Moscow. More than 30 people have been killed in fighting between Ossetians and Georgian extremists and police during the dispute. Authorities in the Georgian capital of Tbilisi have mounted a blockade of Tskhinvali, home to 35.000 Ossetians.

Gamsakhurdia said Moscow was using the Ossetians to try to hlunt Georgia's sepratist aspira-

"They are using the Ossetians to do the Red Army's dirty work, and are bringing about a civil war," he said.

"They are using bands of Osetian terrorists, in the name of the Ossetian people, to give the impression that they are all against

Gamsakhurdia said in Tbilisi alone 6,000 Georgians had sought refuge after being forced to flee from Southern Ossetia after their homes were burn down.

S. Korean

president

reshuffles

SEOUL (R) - South Korean

President Roh Tae-Woo reshuf-

fled his cabinet Monday to bols-

ter the nation's sagging economy

and calm public anger over a

multi-million dollar housing scan-

A presidential spokesman said

Rob replaced Deputy Prime

Minister Lee Senng-Yun, who

heads the Economic Planning

Board, with Choi Kak-Kyu, a

former agriculture minister and a

senior member of the ruling

cabinet

### Inter-Korean meeting in doubt

SEOUL (R) - North Korea accused South Korea Monday of preparing for war on the Korean pensisula and said it would be impossible to hold a fourth nieeting between their prime ministers in such a rierror-ridden atmosphere.

South Korean officials said the unexpectedly harsh North Korean statement appeared to doom the meeting scheduled in Pyongrand next week, "though they had as yet not received any official notice cancelling the talks. "We connot exactly figure out-

product many in taking the steperating the high-cover may or totally calling off the dialogue." a spokesman for Seoul's South-

North Dialogue Office said, The officials also said Pyongyang had not yet replied to a request last week by Seoul for a haison officers' meeting to settle details of the prime ministers' scheduled meeting.

While Pyongyang's intentions

SYDNEY (R) — Doctors on the

may have been unclear, its reversion to cold war rhetoric was clearly damaging to the growing inter-Korcan dialogue which began last September when both

prime ministers met in Seoul. Since the first meeting, the highest-level inter-Korean dialogue since the peninsula was divided in 1945, the premiers have held two other meetings. although without substantive

Last week, both sides agreed for the first time to field unified teams under one flag for two ting the property of the same one year, it was unclear if that agreement would be affected by

Monday's statement. The Pyongvang statement, carried on the official Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) and monitored in Tokyo, cited the beginning of the annual U.S.-South Korean "Team Spirit" military exercises as well as increased military readiness due to

KCNA said "South Korea is engulfed in an unprecedented terror-ridden atmosphere. North-South relations are going back to the original point of acute confrontation hefore dialogue started and a very tense situation in which a war could break out any moment is being created again on the Korean peninsula."

"It is the South Korean authorities avoiding dialogue and kicking up a racket of confrontation that are wholly to blame for the impossibility of the fourth inter-Firmus biob-level tolks stated for

Seoul's Unification Ministry said in a statement that North Korea "unilaterally announced that the fourth round of South-North high-level talks would not be

action showed it was using the talks to further its goal of bringing communism to the South.

soldiers

COLOMBO (R) - Tamil guer-

rilias killed 44 soldiers in the

worst single attack on Sri Lankan

security forces since the rebels

began their fight for a sepa-

rate state in 1983, military

More than 200 members of the

Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eleam

(LTTE) lay in wait for two pla-

toons of soldiers in the remote

village of Kondachchi in north-

west Mannar district Sunday, the

mines and then opened fire.

There was an exchange of fire

lasting about 20 minutes. Our

chaps virtually got wiped out,"

Two officers were among the

"The soldiers were marching

on an open stretch of road with

overgrown paddy (rice) fields on

either side when they were

ambushed," a military officer

44 dead. Eight soldiers were

"The Tigers set off some land-

sources said Monday.

sources said.

one officer said.

wounded.

said.

#### Rebels '3,000 may have died' in kill 44 New Guinea blockade Sri Lankan

South Pacific Island of Bougainville say 3,000 people may have died because of an economic blockade by the Papua New Guinea (PNG) government, an Australian television programme claimed Monday.

The Papua New Guinea gov-ernment last May imposed an economic and communications blockade around Bougainville. 800 kilometres northeast of Port Moresby, after being unable to quell a secessionist rebellion on the island.

when the blockade starved the island of medical supplies. "We asked them to complete a

ust of deaths from preventable diseases, excluding things like cancer or tuberculosis," journalist Mark Corcoran, wbo visited Bougainville earlier this month, told Reuters Monday.

"They said they had documented 1,500 deaths, but that this was probably a very conservative estimate. "They estimated that because of the lack of communication -

there are no roads to get outside

the towns and villages - that the deaths could reach 3,000." The Parua New Guinea government was unavailable for comment on the allegations, but on Sunday Prime Minister Rabbie Namaliti said a complaint would be lodged with the Australian

which he described as illegal. However Corcoran said senior overnment officials were notified of the trip in advance.

#### The doctors told a journalist from the government-financed Special Broadcasting Service (SBS) that they had documented 1.500 deaths from preventable government over the SBS trip. diseases in the past eight months

#### Kenya, Amnesty says LONDON (AP) -- Amnesty Infor the Kenya embassy. "They were simply questioned."

ternational is calling for an investigation into allegations that four political activists on trial for sedition in Kenya were tortured. The four - Ngotho Kariuki.

as accountant and former university dean. Edward Oyugi, a university professor, Augustus Kathangu, a local politician and George Anyona, a political activist - are charged with bolding a seditious meeting in a bar and possessing seditious material including an issue of "African Confidential," a London-based news-

They face up to 10 years in jail if convicted.

All four defendants have testified that they were tortured, according to Amnesty International, the buman rights organisa-

"The government's record of silencing critics by means of torture and unfair trial makes us fear that these four prisoners of conscience may soon be jailed for up to 10 years simply for peacefully expressing their views," Amnesty International said in a statement.

Karinki told the court in Nairobi that be was starved, beaten, held naked in a dark, flooded cell and forced to sign a false confession at gunpoint. Oyugi testified that be was severely beaten and denied prescription medicines.

"As far as we know, no torture was itrvolved," said a press officer

4 activists tortured in

According to international law, statements obtained under torture are not admissible in court proceedings.

"We are appealing to the government to order an independent investigation and confirm that statements made under torture should not be admitted into evidence," said Martin Hill, a spokesman for Amnesty International. "Allegations of torture and denial of medical treatment have consistently been overlooked by the judiciary in

Kenya." Hill said that the defendants were drinking in a bar when they were arrested.

"The government heard that they were all together and decided that if they were together, it must be seditious," be said. "The government frequently uses sedition charges against its critics and critical poblications whose circulation it wants to stop."

Arresting officers testified that they did not know what the four were talking about nor where they asked to investigate why the men were together.

Kariuki, Anyona, Oyugi and Kathangu were among bundreds arrested in Nairobi last July after riots erupted when the government outlawed a public calling for the legalisation of political par-

# etti, au." KidiyA said.

Democratic Liberal Party (DLP). beld as scheduled..."

The ministry said Pyongyang's Rob fired Construction Minister Lee Sang-Hee and Seoul Mayor Park Sen-Jik, a central government appointee, over charges of bribery and high-level influence-peddling in a scnandal which has involved a number of

> Sacked Deputy Prime Minister Lee and his economic team have with soaring inflation and waning export competitiveness.

politicians and a presidential

Official figures showed South Korea's consumer price index rose 2.1 per cent in January, the highest monthly increase since June 1981.

Singgish export performance and higher oil prices drove energy-importing South Korea's customs-cleared trade deficit to a record \$1.71 billion last month. Lee Jin-Seol, vice minister of

the Economic Planning Board, was appointed construction minister and Rhee Hai-Won, former health minister, was named mayor of Scoul.

The reshuffle was announced as the Scoul district prosecutor's office announced results of a 10day probe into what local newspapers called the biggest scandal since Roh took office in February

Choi Myong-Bn, head of the office's investigation unit, told a news conferece eight people, including five ruling and opposition party members of parliament and a senior Roh aide, accepted \$1.3 million worth of bribes from a construction firm to help it gain a Incrative bousing project in

### Thai road blast death toll rises to 171

BANGKOK (R) — The death toll from Thailand's worst road disaster rose to 171 Monday and newspapers suggested the victims had themselves to blame.

"In the past 24 hours we have found about 40 bodies - in houses, in trees," a police officer in southern Phang-Nga province told Reuters by telephone.

The tragedy occurred Friday afternoon in the village of Thung Maproa, when bundreds of people crowded around a truck and trailer which had flipped over at a sharp curve with a load of detona-

Police are still trying to establish what caused the massive explosion about an hour later which ripped through the onlookers and

have said they believe a dropped cigarette from the crowd sparked the blast

The Nation newspaper said police had tried to hold back the curious onlookers.

its cargo," it said in an editorial.
"Lately there seems to be a

gers turning into merciless looters, stealing cargoes from over-turned trucks, stripping valuables

The government faces questions on whether it is enforcing strict enough safety regulations on dangerous and beavy loads. Friday's tragedy followed a horrific disaster at a busy Bangkok intersection last September, when about 80 people perished in a fireball after a liquid gas tanker

Only 10 days ago 13 people ploughed into a roadside cafe in northeast Thailand

"Old problem, new victims," said the headline of a Bangkok Post editorial.

"How many more innocent lives must be sacrificed before concrete and positive action rather than empty promises — is taken by the government to prevent recurrence of these avoidable national tragedies?"

The new toll was revised from 123 Sunday after more bodies

badly charred or dismembered to be identified. The search was continuing but police said they did not expect to find many more recognisable bodies.

Thirty-five houses were com-

#### 15 peasants. They said the suspects. Natividad and Maria Cristina Vasquez. implicated three men whose military status is still in dispute

They admit to having partici-

tors and dynamite.

hacked-np traffic and razed dozens of houses. Witnesses and police officers

Other reports said people who had picked up detonators threw them in the truck when urged by a police officer to hand them

"It was the villagers and passers-by who ignored the police warning and tried to get a closer look at the overturned truck and

dangerous pattern of docile villa-. from minred victims and looting dead bodies in road accidents," it

Police were also probing how the truck crashed in the first place. The driver bas disappeared - he has either run away or been

The Nation raised the point that long-haul drivers routinely used amphetemines to keep

It noted that Prime Minister Chatichai Choonhavan had pledged a cabinet debate on safety regulations Tuesday but said: To expect anything concrete out of these knee-jerk reactions is perhaps unrealistic.

were found and villagers reported the deaths of relatives. So far oo foreigners have been listed as Many of the dead were too

pletely demolished and 120 damaged, according to the official

#### El Salvadormassacre Authorities have said they be-SAN SALVADOR (AP) - Aulieve the massacre stemmed from a personal dispute and has no political overtones. The victims were all members of the same

Two more arrested in

thorities said Sunday they have arrested two women who took part in the massacre last month of

and a civilian. "With these two, I think the case is now much clearer." Judge Miguel Jose Valdez told reporters after questioning the women.

Natividad Vasquez told reporters the killers forced her and Maria Cristina to point out the homes of each of the 15 victims in the village of El Zapote. The two women live in nearby Ayutux-tepeque, about 10 kilometres from the capital, and knew the

has said the killers were activeduty soldiers, which could imply they were part of a military death squad. The 12-year-old civil war between the rebel Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front and a succession of U.S.-backed governments has killed at least 72,000 people, most of them civi-

family. The human rights office

of the Roman Catholic Church

The government insists that one of the suspects, Jesus Vanegas, deserted 24 hours before the slayings and took his rifle with him. It has said two other suspects. Armando and Rafael De Paz, were discharged a year ago.

### Zhivkov accuses aides for Bulgaria's economic decline

SOFIA, Bulgaria (AP) - For the first time since his ouster in 1989, former Communist strongman Todor Zhivkov has blamed members of his government for Bulgaria's economie decline and \$11-

billion foreign debt. In an interview with the weekly Pogled, Zhivkov singled out onetime premier Georgi Atanasov and Andrei Lukanov, who was his foreign trade minister and replaced Atanasov as premier in

February 1990. Zhivkov was scheduled to go on trial on Feb. 25. He is charged with embezzlement, but earlier charges of abuse of office and fomenting national hatred were dropped.

He is widely held responsible for Bulgaria's deep economic crisis and for damaging its international prestige. According to an advance copy

of Pogled made available Sunday to the Associated Press, Zhivkov assailed in particular Lukanov, who stepped down as premier nuder public pressure last November.

Zhivkov reportedly rejected published reports that Lukanov, then Foreign Minister Petar Miadenov and former Defence Minister Dobri Dzhurov prepared to topple him on Nov. 10, 1989, because they felt

According to Pogled, Zhrvkov said he had planned to step down earlier that year for health reasons but did not find a worthy successor among members of the Communist Party's politburo.

He said he told Soviet ambas sador Viktor Sharapov that his choice fell on Alexander Lilov. a former chief ideologist Zhvikov had fired in the 1970s. But the Soviets wanted Mladenov in-

Lilov is now chairman of the Socialist Party, the renamed Communist Party.

Zhivkov denied he had had a conflict with Lukanov and

for almost 35 years, also claimed that the three "plotters" and

failure of his programme for economic development outlined in July 1987 was "jealousy and re-sistance" from a lot of "our allies and partners," Pogled reported:

#### threatened by him. quoted as saying. 2 killed in cargo plane

CLEVELAND (AP) - Witnesses said they saw an explosion shortly before a cargo jet carrying mail crashed, killing the two

crewmen aboard. The DC-9 flipped upside-down onto the snow-covered main runway at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport early Sunday, demolishing the cockpit contain-ing Capt. David Reay and First

Officer Richard Duney. Witnesses to the crash included passengers aboard a Continental Airlines flight from Denver that had landed and was taxiing as the cargo jet was preparing to take

"It looked like it exploded right in the middle." said passenger Darren J. Wheeler. "It looked like it flipped, and then it slid right by us upside down on the runway. It was 200 feet (61 metres) from us, at the most.

He said the Continental pilot calmed passengers hy saving the accident apparently involved a cargo plane, not a commercial

flight with passengers.

Another Continental passenger. Jeff Glidden, recalled that the pilot said. "let's say a short prayer for (the crew). Officials refused to speculate

on the cause of the crash or whether the cargo. U.S. Mail. might have contained an explo-Airport spokesman Mark

Courtney, when asked whether a

bomb might have been planted in the plane's cargo, said: "We have no reason to believe that is a possibility." Mort Edelstein, a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) spokesman in Chicago, said there

were flames in the jet's left engine as it tried to take off. Investigators for the FAA and National Transportation Safety Board arrived Sunday to sift through the wreckage, seeking the flight data recorder and cockpit voice recorder as well as other clues. The overturned fuselase had a charred, gaping hole, and the wings were sheared off.

#### said. The wedding got under way about an hour late. The trying weather conditions delayed some finishers in the triathlon, and the pair fitted in their ceremony so as: not to cartail the post-race celebrations at a local hotels. Although they were happy with

Miadenov, insisting that "all accusations that I had been preparing a blow against the plotters are attempts to manipulate pulbic opinion." Zhivkov, who ruled Bulgaria

Stanko Todorov, then parliament chairman, were behind efforts to stage "a spectacular trial against He said one reason for the

"We were openly abused that ... we were heading toward restoration of capitalism," be was

#### DJ fired over fake crash at Cleveland airport report of attack

ST. LOUIS (AP) — John Ulett, a rock station disc jockey who broadcast a fake report of a nuclear attack, has been fired as public address announcer for the St. Louis Cardinals baseball team. Ulett, 31, confirmed that be will not be retained by the National League team for the 1991 season, ending an eight-year stint. Ulett aired a report on radio station KSHE on Jan. 29 that the United States was under nuclear attack after several callers suggested the United States use nuclear weapons on Iraq to hasten the end of Gulf war, he said. At the time, Ulett said he. played the fake warning to make people think about the horrors of nuclear war. The station sus-pended him for a week and the incident is being investigated by the Federal Communications Commission. FCC Chairman Alfred C. Sikes said that the potential penalties range from a fine to revocation of the station's broadcast licence.

#### **Private detective** sues Trump

HOUSTON (AP) — A private-detective is suing Donald Trump

for more than \$5,000 in unpaid fees for keeping tabs on an investigator hired by the real estate magnate's former wife. Rob Kimmous, owner of Information Bank of Texas Inc., claims Trump failed to pay him for monitoring another Houston private eye retained by Ivana Trump to watch her husband and his girlfriend, model Marla Maples. "It just shows you, who knows who really has wealth?" Kim-mons said. "We work so many cases involving the cream of the crop, who you would think were financially set for life, and the next thing you know, they're inbankruptcy." The Trumps were divorced in December, following revelations of Trump's extramarital relationship with Maples. Kimmons said his agency was hired by Trump last summer and has not received the \$5,394,90 owed for three weeks of work Judd Burstein, a New York lawyer who represents Trump said, "Our defence will be that services performed were worth?

### Despite new hopes, peace remains an illusion in Colombia

BOGOTA (AP) - When Cesar Gaviria became Colombia's president six months ago, he faced the daunting, some say impossible, task of controlling his country's murderous drug cartel and facifying its leftist insurgency.

But few could have predicted the price Gaviria was willing to pay. And apparently to no avail. With a 450-pound (200kilomeramme) bomb exploding outside Medellin's bullring Saturday evening, killing 22 and injuring 140, the goal seemed even more unreachable.

ombia has begun sacrificing its principles only to be racked by more murders, kidnappings and bombings. Saturday's blast, which local radio stations were attributing to drug traffickers, underscored the

difficulty of trying to make deals

with murderers.

The president's critics say Col-

Indeed, the government's endicements to outlaw groups have led several Medellin cocaine smugglers to surrender and convinced leftist rebel outfits to trade peace for amnesty.

Gaviria's predecessor, Virgilio

Barco, launched a major offensive against the traffickers when Sen. Luis Carlos Galan, the front-running presidential candidate, was assassinated in August 1989 by gunmen employed by drug traffickers. In the following 12 months,

22 drug suspects to be extradited to the United States, killed Medellin cartel leader Gonzalo Rodriguez Gacha, and confiscated hundreds of properties belonging to the cocaine magnates. A Gaviria-supported panel is meeting to rewrite the constitu-

tion, stirring new bopes for

Barco's administration allowed

national reconciliation. But peace? Nowhere to be seen in this nation of 32 million inhabitants wracked by bloody warfare involving drug barons and insurgents. The last two months have been among the most violent in

least 350 people this year.

the country's history. Broad offensives by Colombia's two remaining rebel groups, the National Liberation Army, or ELN, and the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia, the FARC, has killed at

The Medellin drug gang recently shot an elderly woman six times in the face and murdered a prominent magazine publisher. The victims, Marina Montoya

and Diana Turbay, had been

taken hostage by the cartel to

pressure the government to grant Authorities suspected that cocaine traffickers may have been hehind Saturday's carnage in southern Medellin which killed policemen and spectators on their

The killing seems an unlikely response to Gaviria's wooing of traffickers with offers of lenient treatment and promises not to send them to the United States to face trial.

way home from the last bullfight

Three Medellin cartel leaders, brothers Fabio, Juan David and Jorge Luis Ochoa, have surrendered under Gaviria's offer to end extraditions and reduce isal sentences to drug traffickers who

turn themselves in. Juan David gave himself up in the northern city of Turbo just a few hours before Saturday's fatal

If the brothers confess at least one crime and behave themselves in jail, they will serve a maximum of 10 years, said Ana Montez, a national court official. But given drug traffickers'

proven ability to bribe, threaten

or kill penal authorities, their

sentences could well be far less, analysts say.
The cartel's top leader, billionaire Pablo Escobar, isn't planning to surrender at all, said a confidential police report re-

cently published.

drug boss plans to use his considerable influence to intimidate members of the Constitutional Assembly to ban extraditions. Several of the assembly's 73 delegates, led by former Medellin

Instead, said the report, the

Mayor Juan Gomez, already have proposed such a ban. Despite government efforts to bioster the judicial system, there is reason to believe Colombian courts are not yet ready to withstand drug smugglers' intimida-

Gonzalo Mejia, one of five mid-level traffickers to surrender under Gaviria's leniency plan, was mysteriously released from jail last month after having served only 44 days. The United States has publicly

supported Gaviria's new strategy.

But U.S. officials have privately expressed their concern that Colombia is going soft in the drug Even on the guerrilla front, Gaviria has backslid from previous postitions in an apparent effort to stop the rebels from

attacking army units, blowing up

electrical towers and invading small towns. The government recently announced that rebels could become non-voting members of the Constitutional Assembly even if they didn't lay down their weapons, a reversal of previous

робсу. The current rebel offensive has killed hundreds of Colombians and cost an estimated billion dollars in losses to the economy.

The guerrillas say they are retaliating for the army's bombing and capture in early December of the FARC's jungle headquarters in southern Colombia and have no intention of surrendering.



Athietes tie knot

CHRISTCHURCH, New Zea-land (AP) — Two British triatis-letes say they could not think of ac-

nicer way to get married than 4:

soggy beach on a murky after-

noon after competing in one of New Zealand's most grueling events. Ken MacLaren, 29, of

Wales, and Ali Hollington, 26, of

Essex, say the venue for them wedding was "made in heaven."

"Of course, it would have been mice had it been fine, but we were more worried about the effect of

the weather on our performances

than on what it would do to the wedding," MacLaren said. Both wanted a no-frills affair. The

barefooted bride sported a navy-

hooded sweatshirt, which match

ed the groom's, and navy-and

white-striped shorts, which con-

trasted with her husbands's floral

pair. "We're both very casual-

people and it was just the sort of

wedding we wanted," Hollington

the wedding, MacLaren was dis-appointed with his performance in the event. "I had a lousy race."

and I can't blame the wedding

because I didn't start thinking

about that until I crossed th

line," he said. Hollington, who

finished about mid-field, said the

rough sea and the bleak, blustery

conditions also caused her prob-

lems. The brakes on my hike

weren't working when I went round some of the corner and it was on my mind that that to get back in one piece sent and

Soccer star charged

ATHENS (R) — Romanian ac

cer star Ranut Lupu, who plays: for Greek first division char-

pions Panathinaikos, was charged with theft:/receiving and selling stolen goods and unlawful entry.

police said: They said Lupu, 23,

was arrested and charged with six

other men in connection with gring accused of hreaking int

homes and stores to steal furs and

other clothes. He signed with

KYNOSS

with theft

on soggy beach